

# 2021 Second Quarter Report

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For the period ended June 30, 2021

### **Second Quarter Financial Highlights**

- Adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ("adjusted EBITDA" ) was \$224 million, compared to \$182 million in Q2 2020.
  - The year-over-year increase was due to record margin contributions from the Gathering and Processing segment and higher contributions from the Marketing segment.
  - This was partially offset by a \$20 million non-cash accrual related to long-term compensation and lower margin contribution from the Liquids Infrastructure segment related in part to planned maintenance.
- Distributable cash flow<sup>1</sup> ("DCF") was \$148 million, compared to \$158 million for the same period last year. The year-over-year decrease takes into account the same items as adjusted EBITDA, noted above, and higher maintenance capital spending compared to Q2 2020.
- Net earnings were \$79 million, compared to \$18 million for the same period in 2020.
- Growth capital spending was \$80 million in the second quarter, and \$128 million year-to-date.
   Spending is expected to ramp up in the second half of the year to reach the annual guidance range of \$400 million to \$450 million, as construction of the KAPS project ramps up.
- Keyera maintained its strong financial position with a net debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio<sup>1,2</sup> of 2.7x. The company ended the quarter with \$1.5 billion in available liquidity and minimal near-term debt maturities.
- In the second half of 2021, Keyera plans to provide an environment, social and governance ("ESG") performance summary for the year 2020. The company also plans to release formal emissions reduction targets, and its first climate report, which is in line with the recommendations from the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures ("TCFD") in 2021.

### **Second Quarter Business Segment Highlights**

- The **Gathering and Processing** ("G&P") segment generated a record quarterly realized margin<sup>3</sup> of \$86 million. Overall G&P processing volumes are up over 10% compared to the end of 2020. This includes an increase of approximately 25% for operated gas plants in the North region with Wapiti reaching new highs and the Pipestone facility averaging 74% utilization in the quarter, well ahead of expectations.
- The **Liquids Infrastructure** segment delivered a quarterly realized margin<sup>3</sup> of \$96 million. Results include the impact of a planned maintenance outage at Keyera's Fort Saskatchewan complex in June and seasonally lower propane loading activity.
- The **Marketing** segment contributed realized margin<sup>3</sup> of \$79 million, compared to \$54 million in the second quarter of 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Keyera uses certain "Non-GAAP Measures" such as EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, funds from operations, distributable cash flow, distributable cash flow per share, payout ratio and return on invested capital. See section titled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures", "Dividends: Funds from Operations and Distributable Cash Flow" and "EBITDA" of the MD&A for further details.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Ratio is calculated in accordance with the covenant test calculations related to the company's credit facility and senior note agreements and excludes hybrid notes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Realized margin is not a standard measure under GAAP and excludes the effect of \$27 million in non-cash losses from commodity-related risk management contracts. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" in the MD&A.

### **Guidance Update**

- Continued strength in commodities markets, as well as Keyera's disciplined risk management program provides the foundation for 2021 to be a strong marketing year. Realized margin for this segment is now expected to be at the high-end of the previously guided range of \$260 million to \$290 million.
- As a result of strong year-to-date performance and expectations for the remainder of the year, 2021 cash taxes are now expected to range between \$30 million to \$40 million. This replaces the previous guidance range of \$20 million to \$30 million.

### **Project Updates**

- Construction on the KAPS pipeline project is now underway with the majority of line pipe continuing
  to be milled in Alberta. Costs for the project, including steel and labour are fully contracted with costs
  remaining on track. The project's expected completion date is early 2023.
- The Wildhorse crude oil storage and blending terminal in Cushing, Oklahoma, commenced operations at the end of July. The new terminal includes 12 above-ground tanks with 4.5 million barrels of working storage capacity; it is connected by pipeline to two existing storage terminals in Cushing.

### **Corporate Developments**

- Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, Bradley Lock will retire from Keyera effective November 1, 2021. Mr. Lock has 34 years of experience in the oil and gas sector and has been at Keyera for the past 17 years. He has held key senior executive roles including Senior Vice President of our Gathering and Processing business unit as well as our Liquids Infrastructure business unit.
- Succeeding Brad will be Jarrod Beztilny, who has been appointed Senior Vice President, Operations and Engineering. Mr. Beztilny has over 20 years of experience in the oil and gas sector and has been at Keyera since 2004. He is currently Vice President, Operations, Gathering and Processing, and prior to that, was Vice President, Operations for the Liquids business unit. Mr. Beztilny holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Chemical Engineering from the University of Alberta.

c circ vi	Three mor	nths ended	Six mont	hs ended
Summary of Key Measures	June	e <b>30</b> ,	June	e 30,
(Thousands of Canadian dollars, except where noted)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Net earnings	78,595	17,763	164,420	103,371
Per share (\$/share) – basic	0.36	0.08	0.74	0.47
Cash flow from operating activities	112,071	159,647	380,500	476,331
Funds from operations <sup>1</sup>	181,346	177,366	362,411	463,714
Distributable cash flow <sup>1</sup>	147,940	157,649	312,691	410,688
Per share (\$/share) <sup>1</sup>	0.67	0.71	1.41	1.87
Dividends declared	106,091	106,091	212,182	211,303
Per share (\$/share)	0.48	0.48	0.96	0.96
Payout ratio %1	<b>72</b> %	67%	68%	51%
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>2</sup>	223,701	182,159	448,531	509,274
Gathering and Processing				
Gross processing throughput <sup>3</sup> (MMcf/d)	1,448	1,261	1,426	1,323
Net processing throughput <sup>3</sup> (MMcf/d)	1,218	1,029	1,206	1,085
Liquids Infrastructure				
Gross processing throughput <sup>4</sup> (Mbbl/d)	146	144	150	154
Net processing throughput <sup>4</sup> (Mbbl/d)	75	66	80	73
AEF iso-octane production volumes (Mbbl/d)	15	12	15	13
Marketing				
Inventory value	207,240	102,336	207,240	102,336
Sales volumes (Bbl/d)	145,500	134,800	159,400	152,900
Acquisitions	11,165	1,630	11,165	1,630
Growth capital expenditures	80,149	127,082	128,177	337,696
Maintenance capital expenditures	21,917	6,213	25,822	14,421
Total capital expenditures	113,231	134,925	165,164	353,747
Weighted average number of shares outstanding				
– basic and diluted	221,023	220,851	221,023	219,855
			As at J 2021	<b>une 30,</b> 2020
Long-term debt⁵				
Credit facility			3,276,826	2,968,703
Working capital surplus <sup>6</sup>		(177,022)	(100.763)	
Net debt			(173,022)	(109,362)
Common shares outstanding – end of period			3,103,804	2,859,341
Common shares outstanding – end of period			221,023	221,023

### Notes:

- Payout ratio is defined as dividends declared to shareholders divided by distributable cash flow. Payout ratio, funds from operations, and distributable cash flow are not standard measures under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"). See the section titled, "Dividends: Funds from Operations and Distributable Cash Flow", for a reconciliation of funds from operations and distributable cash flow to the most closely related GAAP measure.
- Adjusted EBITDA is defined as earnings before finance costs, taxes, depreciation, amortization, impairment expenses, unrealized gains/losses and any other non-cash items such as gains/losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment. EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are not standard measures under GAAP. See section of the MD&A titled "EBITDA" for a reconciliation of adjusted EBITDA to its most closely related GAAP measure.
- Includes gas volumes and the conversion of liquids volumes handled through the processing facilities to a gas volume equivalent. Net processing throughput refers to Keyera's share of raw gas processed at its processing facilities.
- 4 Fractionation throughput in the Liquids Infrastructure segment is the aggregation of volumes processed through the fractionators and the de-ethanizers at the Keyera and Dow Fort Saskatchewan facilities.
- 5 Long-term debt includes the total value of Keyera's hybrid notes which receive 50% equity treatment by Keyera's rating agencies. The hybrid notes are also excluded from Keyera's covenant test calculations related to the company's credit facility and senior note agreements.
- 6 Working capital is defined as current assets less current liabilities.

### **CEO's Message to Shareholders**

Keyera delivered solid performance in the first half of 2021. The recovery in commodity prices, along with the actions we've been taking to drive further efficiencies and improve our competitive position, are having a positive effect.

There are several reasons to be optimistic about continued volume growth in the products we handle. For natural gas, LNG off the west coast of Canada and major gas pipeline expansions will enable more exports to key growth markets. Fundamentals for natural gas liquids are looking strong with more connectivity to overseas markets and increasing local demand from the petrochemical and oil sands industries. Condensate demand continues to climb as oil sands customers grow into expanding oil pipeline export capacity. The current pricing environment and renewed optimism has incented many producers to increase drilling activity throughout the basin.

In our **Gathering and Processing** segment, we set a new quarterly record for realized margin. Our optimization efforts combined with our ability to utilize available capacity at little to no incremental capital cost are driving higher margins.

In the North region, the Pipestone and Wapiti plants continued to reach new highs. Starting in mid-2022, a second customer will begin filling the remaining uncontracted capacity at the Pipestone plant on a long-term, take-or-pay basis. At Wapiti, we also reached new volume highs. Given the continued demand from producers in these areas, we are exploring options to interconnect our three North region gas plants, which would provide customers with higher reliability, more flexibility and optimize operating efficiencies.

In the South region, the optimization program is ongoing, driving volumes to our most efficient plants. Overall, volumes in the South region are up about 7% this year. Of note, is the year-to-date increase in volumes at our Alder Flats plant following a project to interconnect it to other South region plants. We are also seeing an increase in drilling activity by stronger, better-capitalized producer customers.

The **Liquids Infrastructure** segment continues to experience strong demand for its services. We saw new record monthly deliveries from our condensate system as oil sands customers ramped up production. Our storage and fractionation assets also remained highly utilized.

The assets and services within this segment deliver some of the best returns in Keyera's portfolio with predictable, long-term contracted cash flow. For that reason, we continue to allocate capital to grow our liquids business; this includes progressing the KAPS pipeline project. KAPS is a strategic asset for Keyera because it physically integrates our North region Gathering and Processing assets to our liquids hub in Fort Saskatchewan. That allows us to provide customers with a much-needed competitive alternative for transporting natural gas liquids from the growing Montney and Duvernay plays to key demand markets. The project also adds meaningful future growth opportunities across our integrated system as those two resource plays continue to develop.

Fundamentals for our **Marketing** segment strengthened throughout the quarter, with overall commodity prices trending upwards. We will continue to employ a disciplined risk management program to lock in stable cash flows when those opportunities exist, especially in the context of funding our share of the capital spend for the KAPS project.

We are proud of our bench strength and succession planning, which allows for smooth leadership transitions. I'd like to acknowledge the retirement of Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, Bradley Lock on November 1, after 17 years in various senior executive roles. We thank Brad and wish him well in his retirement. We welcome his successor, Jarrod Beztilny, to the role of Senior

Vice President, Operations and Engineering. Jarrod is currently Vice President Operations for the Gathering and Processing business unit and has been with Keyera since 2004.

Our mission, "Connecting Energy for Life", is our commitment to deliver energy in a sustainable and responsible manner. We see a great opportunity to play a pivotal role in the transition to a low carbon future while ensuring we continue to generate value for shareholders.

We are committed to delivering a sustainable dividend, underpinned by low debt leverage, and investing in projects that generate strong returns that contribute to expanding distributable cash flow per share. On behalf of Keyera's board of directors and management team, I would like to thank our employees, customers, shareholders, and other stakeholders for their continued support.

Dean Setoguchi President and Chief Executive Officer Keyera Corp.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") was prepared as of August 5, 2021 and is a review of the results of operations and the liquidity and capital resources of Keyera Corp. and its subsidiaries (collectively "Keyera"). The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements ("accompanying financial statements") of Keyera for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and the notes thereto as well as the audited consolidated financial statements of Keyera for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related MD&A. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), also referred to as GAAP, and are stated in Canadian dollars. Additional information related to Keyera, including its Annual Information Form, is available on SEDAR at <a href="www.seedar.com">www.seedar.com</a> or on Keyera's website at <a href="www.keyera.com">www.keyera.com</a>.

This MD&A contains non-GAAP measures and forward-looking statements and readers are cautioned that the MD&A should be read in conjunction with Keyera's disclosure under "NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES" and "FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS" included at the end of this MD&A.

### **Keyera's Business**

Keyera operates an integrated Canadian-based energy infrastructure business with extensive interconnected assets and depth of expertise in delivering energy infrastructure solutions. Keyera operates assets in the oil and gas industry between the upstream sector, which includes oil and gas exploration and production, and the downstream sector, which includes the refining and marketing of finished products. Keyera is organized into three highly integrated operating segments:

- Gathering and Processing Keyera owns and operates raw gas gathering pipelines and processing plants, which collect and process raw natural gas, remove waste products and separate the economic components, primarily natural gas liquids ("NGLs"), before the sales gas is delivered into long-distance pipeline systems for transportation to end-use markets. Keyera also provides condensate handling services through its condensate gathering pipelines and stabilization facilities.
- 2. Liquids Infrastructure Keyera owns and operates a network of facilities for the gathering, processing, storage and transportation of the by-products of natural gas processing, including NGLs in mix form and specification NGLs such as ethane, propane, butane and condensate. In addition, this segment includes Keyera's iso-octane facilities at Alberta EnviroFuels ("AEF"), its liquids blending facilities and its 50% interest in the crude oil storage facility at the Base Line Terminal.
- 3. Marketing Keyera markets a range of products associated with its two infrastructure business lines, primarily propane, butane, condensate and iso-octane, and also engages in liquids blending.

The Gathering and Processing and Liquids Infrastructure segments provide energy infrastructure solutions to customers on a fee-for-service basis. Keyera also has a Corporate business segment described in this MD&A that is not considered a material part of the business.

### Overview

Keyera continues to focus on the things that are within its control to ensure shareholder value is maximized. This includes a focus on managing costs, strong capital discipline, capital project execution and continuing to advance its ESG priorities.

Keyera generated solid financial results in the second quarter of 2021, generating net earnings of \$79 million, compared to \$18 million for the same period in 2020. Adjusted EBITDA was \$224 million, compared to \$182 million in the second quarter of 2020. Second quarter 2021 financial results were reduced by a \$20 million non-cash accrual related to Keyera's long-term incentive plan to reflect the significant increase in the company's share price.

The Gathering and Processing segment posted record quarterly financial results as the Pipestone and Wapiti gas plants achieved their highest processing throughput levels since these facilities became operational. Volumes in the South region increased approximately 7% since the end of 2020. Strong commodity prices combined with Keyera's diligence in reducing operating costs have contributed to the overall growth in volumes.

The Liquids Infrastructure segment continues to deliver long-term, stable cash flow as demand for its services remains strong. Record volumes were delivered through Keyera's condensate system in the month of April as oil sands customers ramped up production. During the quarter, the annual planned maintenance outage at the Keyera Fort Saskatchewan complex was successfully completed over a two-week period. This maintenance work was more extensive than in typical years. The Wildhorse Terminal also became operational at the end of July.

The Marketing segment also delivered strong second quarter results stemming from the portfolio of products it sells, including iso-octane. The cash flow generated from the Marketing business enhances Keyera's overall return on invested capital as it can utilize its infrastructure assets to move product to the highest value markets. The cash flow from this segment is also used to help fund additional infrastructure investments, including the KAPS pipeline that will generate long-term, stable cash flow. Keyera continues to focus on its disciplined risk management strategy to ensure it is protecting margins into 2022.

### Keyera expects the following for 2021:

- annual realized margin for the Marketing segment to be at the higher end of the \$260 million and \$290 million range, which exceeds the "base realized margin" range of between \$180 million and \$220 million;
- a cash tax expense of between \$30 million and \$40 million;
- maintenance capital expenditures to range between \$30 million and \$40 million; and
- growth capital expenditures to range between \$400 million and \$450 million excluding capitalized interest, with the majority related to the construction of the KAPS pipeline system.

Readers are referred to the section of the MD&A titled, "Segmented Results: Marketing" for the assumptions associated with the 2021 Marketing realized margin guidance and "Forward-Looking Statements" for a further discussion of the assumptions and risks that could affect future performance and plans.

### CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS

The following table highlights some of the key consolidated financial results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

		nths ended e 30,		ths ended ne 30,
(Thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share data)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Net earnings	78,595	17,763	164,420	103,371
Net earnings per share (basic)	0.36	0.08	0.74	0.47
Operating margin	233,958	159,795	469,933	572,478
Realized margin <sup>1</sup>	260,512	222,732	504,962	555,681
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>2</sup>	223,701	182,159	448,531	509,274
Cash flow from operating activities	112,071	159,647	380,500	476,331
Funds from operations <sup>3</sup>	181,346	177,366	362,411	463,714
Distributable cash flow <sup>3</sup>	147,940	157,649	312,691	410,688
Distributable cash flow per share <sup>3</sup> (basic)	0.67	0.71	1.41	1.87
Dividends declared	106,091	106,091	212,182	211,303
Dividends declared per share	0.48	0.48	0.96	0.96
Payout ratio <sup>4</sup>	<b>72</b> %	67%	68%	51%

### Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Realized margin is defined as operating margin excluding unrealized gains and losses on commodity-related risk management contracts. Realized margin is not a standard measure under GAAP. See the section titled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures". For a reconciliation of operating margin to realized margin as it relates to the Marketing, Gathering and Processing, and Liquids Infrastructure segments, see the section titled "Segmented Results of Operations".

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as earnings before finance costs, taxes, depreciation, amortization, impairment expenses, unrealized gains/losses and any other non-cash items such as gains/losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment. EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are not standard measures under GAAP. See the section titled "EBITDA" for a reconciliation of adjusted EBITDA to its most closely related GAAP measure.

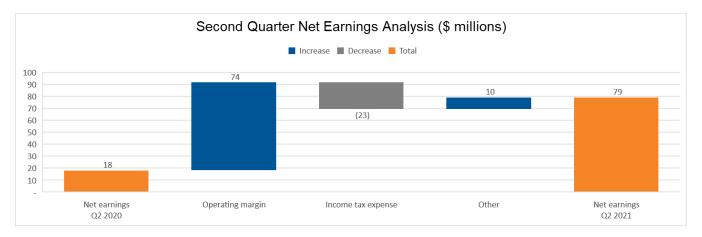
Funds from operations and distributable cash flow are not standard measures under GAAP. See the section titled, "Dividends: Funds from Operations and Distributable Cash Flow", for a reconciliation of funds from operations and distributable cash flow to the most closely related GAAP measure.

<sup>4</sup> Payout ratio is defined as dividends declared to shareholders divided by distributable cash flow and is not a standard measure under GAAP.

### **Net Earnings**

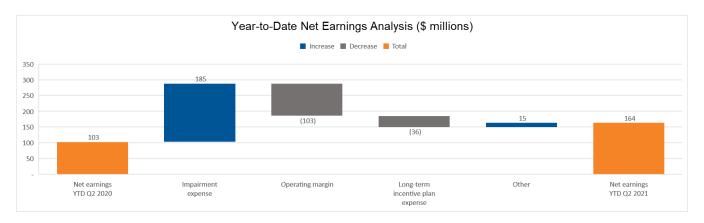
### **Second Quarter Results**

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, net earnings were \$79 million, \$61 million higher than the prior year due to the following:



### Year-To-Date Results

On a year-to-date basis, net earnings were \$164 million, \$61 million higher than the prior year due to the following:



See the section below for more information related to operating margin. For all other charges mentioned above, please see the section of the MD&A titled, "Corporate and Other".

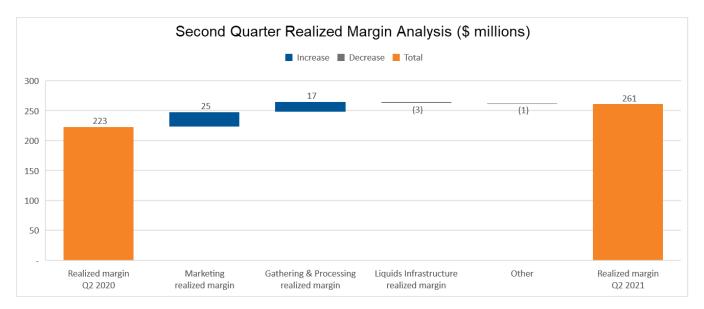
### **Operating Margin and Realized Margin**

### **Second Quarter Results**

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, operating margin was \$234 million, \$74 million higher than the same period in 2020 due to: i) \$37 million in lower unrealized non-cash losses associated with risk management contracts from the Marketing segment; and ii) \$38 million in higher realized margin as described in more detail below.

In the second quarter of 2021, realized margin (excluding the effect of unrealized gains and losses from commodity-related risk management contracts) was \$261 million, \$38 million higher than the same period in 2020 due to the following factors:

- \$25 million in higher realized margin from the Marketing segment attributable to: i) higher liquids blending contribution from higher sales volumes and higher pricing; and ii) higher iso-octane margins due to higher sales volumes and stronger product premiums relative to the prior year.
- \$17 million in higher realized margin from the Gathering and Processing segment resulting from
  incremental margin from the Pipestone gas plant which commenced operations in October 2020,
  and higher processing throughput at the Wapiti and Simonette gas plants. These factors were
  partly offset by lower operating margin due to a disclaimed take-or-pay agreement with a former
  joint-venture partner at the Alder Flats gas plant in 2020 and lower processing throughput at the
  Rimbey gas plant.

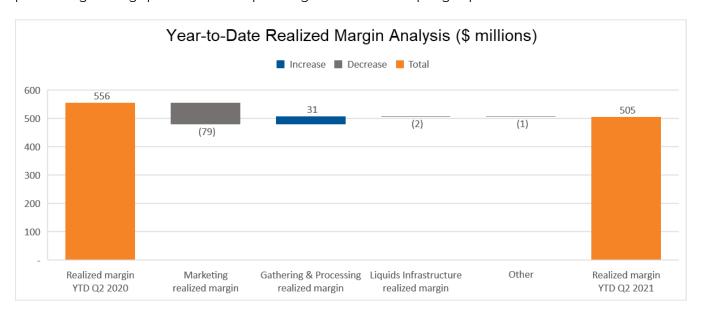


### **Year-To-Date Results**

For the first six months of 2021, operating margin was \$470 million, \$103 million lower than the same period in 2020 primarily due to: i) the inclusion of an unrealized non-cash loss of \$34 million associated with risk management contracts from the Marketing segment compared to an unrealized non-cash gain of \$18 million in 2020; and ii) \$51 million in lower realized margin primarily attributable to the Marketing segment as described in more detail below.

Realized margin for the first six months of 2021 was \$505 million, \$51 million lower than the same period in 2020. The lower realized margin was mainly due to \$79 million in lower realized margin from the Marketing segment resulting from lower iso-octane margins which were exceptionally strong in the first quarter of 2020 as the product benefited from historically high demand, strong product premiums and lower average butane feedstock costs.

Partly offsetting the lower realized margin in the Marketing segment was \$31 million in higher realized margin in the Gathering and Processing segment that was mainly attributable to: i) incremental margin from the Pipestone gas plant that commenced operations in October 2020; and ii) higher processing throughput and lower operating costs at the Wapiti gas plant.



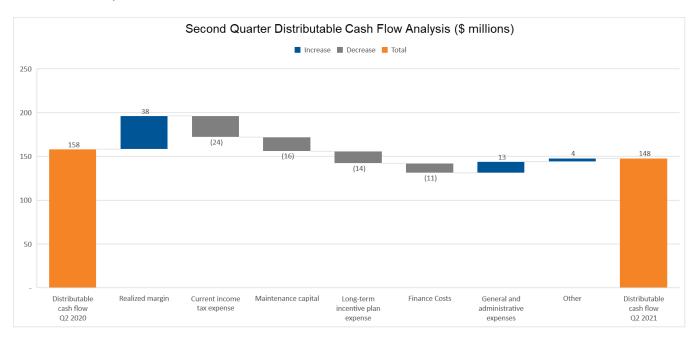
See the section titled "Segmented Results of Operations" for more information on operating results by segment.

### **Cash Flow Metrics**

### **Second Quarter Results**

Cash flow from operating activities for the second quarter of 2021 was \$112 million, \$48 million lower than the same period in 2020 mainly due to lower cash generated from changes in operating working capital.

Distributable cash flow was \$148 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021, \$10 million lower than the same period in 2020 due to the factors shown in the table below:

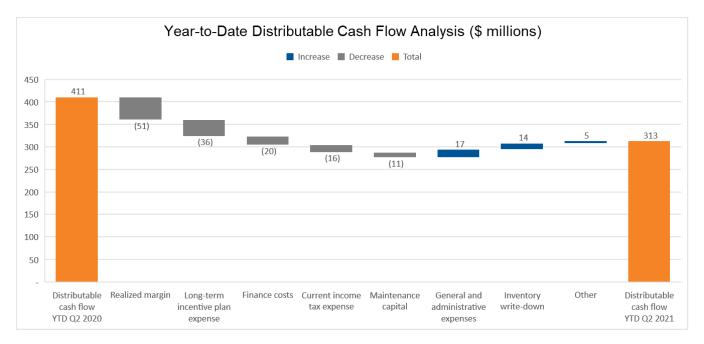


Refer to the sections of this MD&A titled, "Dividends: Funds from Operations and Distributable Cash Flow", for a reconciliation of cash flow from operating activities to funds from operations and distributable cash flow and "Segmented Results of Operations", for a reconciliation of operating margin to realized margin related to the Marketing, Gathering and Processing and Liquids Infrastructure segments. For more information related to the charges above, please see the section of this MD&A titled, "Corporate and Other".

### **Year-To-Date Results**

Cash flow from operating activities was \$381 million in the first half of 2021, \$96 million lower than the same period in 2020 mainly due to lower realized margin from the Marketing segment.

Distributable cash flow for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$313 million, \$98 million lower than the same period in the prior year due to the factors shown in the table below:



Refer to the sections of this MD&A titled, "Dividends: Funds from Operations and Distributable Cash Flow", for a reconciliation of cash flow from operating activities to funds from operations and distributable cash flow and "Segmented Results of Operations", for a reconciliation of operating margin to realized margin related to the Marketing, Gathering and Processing and Liquids Infrastructure segments. For more information related to the charges above, please see the section of this MD&A titled, "Corporate and Other".

### SEGMENTED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The discussion of the results of operations for each of the operating segments focuses on operating margin. Operating margin refers to operating revenues less operating expenses and does not include the elimination of inter-segment transactions. Management believes operating margin provides an accurate portrayal of operating profitability by segment. Keyera's Gathering and Processing and Liquids Infrastructure segments charge Keyera's Marketing segment for the use of facilities at market rates. These segment measures of profitability for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 are reported in note 15, Segment Information, of the accompanying financial statements. A complete description of Keyera's businesses by segment can be found in Keyera's Annual Information Form, which is available at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>.

### **Gathering and Processing**

Keyera currently has interests in 13 active gas plants<sup>1</sup>, all of which are located in Alberta. Keyera operates 10 of the 13 active gas plants and has the option to become the operator of the Pipestone gas plant on January 1, 2026, approximately five years after the commencement of its operations. The Gathering and Processing segment includes raw gas gathering systems and processing plants strategically located in the natural gas production areas on the western side of the Western Canada Sedimentary Basin ("WCSB"). Several of the gas plants are interconnected by raw gas gathering pipelines, allowing raw gas to be directed to the gas plant best suited to process the gas. Most of Keyera's facilities are also equipped with condensate handling capabilities. Keyera's facilities and gathering systems collectively constitute a network that is well positioned to serve drilling and production activity in the WCSB. Keyera's Simonette, Wapiti and Pipestone gas plants, as well as the non-operated Edson gas plant, are generally referred to as its "Northern" or "North" gas plants due to their geographic location and proximity to one another. Gas plants in the North are generally dedicated to processing gas and handling condensate from the Montney formation. All of Keyera's other Gathering and Processing plants are generally referred to as its "Southern" or "South" gas plants.

Operating and realized margin for the Gathering and Processing segment were as follows:

Operating and Realized Margin and Throughput Information		nths ended ne 30,		ths ended ne 30,
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenue <sup>2</sup>	146,910	124,871	290,554	253,630
Operating expenses <sup>2</sup>	(61,073)	(55,460)	(125,734)	(119,748)
Operating margin	85,837	69,411	164,820	133,882
Unrealized loss on risk management				
contracts	94	_	338	_
Realized margin <sup>3</sup>	85,931	69,411	165,158	133,882
Gross processing throughput <sup>4</sup> – (MMcf/d)	1,448	1,261	1,426	1,323
Net processing throughput <sup>4,5</sup> – (MMcf/d)	1,218	1,029	1,206	1,085

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes gas plants where Keyera has suspended operations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes inter-segment transactions.

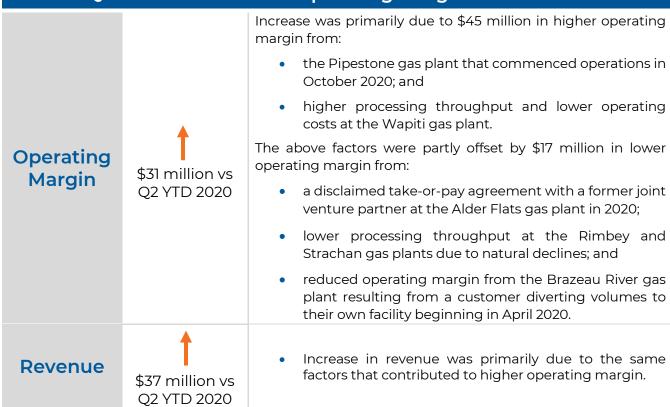
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Realized margin is not a standard measure under GAAP. Management believes that this supplemental measure facilitates the understanding of the financial results for the operating segments in the period without the effect of mark-to-market changes from risk management contracts related to future periods.

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  Includes gas volumes and the conversion of liquids volumes handled through the processing facilities to a gas volume equivalent.

 $<sup>^{5}</sup>$  Net processing throughput refers to Keyera's share of raw gas processed at its processing facilities.

### Second Quarter Operating Margin and Revenue Increase was primarily due to \$22 million in higher operating margin from: the Pipestone gas plant that commenced operations in October 2020: higher processing throughput and lower operating costs at the Wapiti gas plant; higher operating margin from the Simonette gas plant **Operating** \$16 million vs due to higher processing throughput; and Margin Q2 2020 the absence of short-term fee relief that was provided to certain customers in Q2 2020. The above factors were partly offset by \$7 million in lower operating margin from: a disclaimed take-or-pay agreement with a former joint venture partner at the Alder Flats gas plant in 2020; and lower processing throughput at the Rimbey gas plant. Increase in revenue was primarily due to the same Revenue \$22 million vs factors that contributed to higher operating margin. Q2 2020

# Second Quarter Year-to-Date Operating Margin and Revenue



### **Gathering and Processing Activity**

The Gathering and Processing segment posted record financial results in the second quarter of 2021 with operating margin of \$86 million, 9% higher than the first quarter of 2021 and 24% higher than the same period in 2020.

As commodity prices and energy demand continued to strengthen in the second quarter of 2021, renewed optimism and higher netbacks have incented many producers to increase drilling activity in the North and South regions. For the second consecutive quarter, Keyera's Pipestone and Wapiti gas plants achieved their highest average processing throughput levels since the inception of their operations as a result of strong operational performance and incremental volumes from the condensate-rich Montney area. Consequently, gross processing throughput at Keyera's operated gas plants in the North region increased by 8% over the first quarter of 2021 and were 78% higher than the same period in the prior year primarily due to the addition of the Pipestone gas plant.

Through the second quarter of 2021, Keyera's gas plants in the South region continued to see throughput levels stabilize. New production volumes brought on at the Alder Flats, Cynthia, and Ricinus gas plants resulted in an overall 2% growth in processing throughput for the South region compared to the first quarter of 2021. A new raw gas gathering connection to the Alder Flats gas plant was also completed during the second quarter bringing the facility into Keyera's network of interconnected Southern gas plants. This connection was beneficial as volumes were redirected during the Brazeau River gas plant maintenance turnaround to multiple Keyera gas plants including the Alder Flats facility.

In light of improving industry sentiment and economics, Keyera continued to focus on improving the competitive position of the Gathering and Processing segment in the second quarter by adhering to the following strategic priorities:

- reduce the overall cost structure and optimize the portfolio of gas plants;
- deliver competitive, full-service solutions and improve customer netbacks; and
- increase the overall utilization of Keyera's gas plants thereby reducing carbon emissions on a gross and intensity basis, as well as associated compliance costs.

In July, Keyera successfully suspended operations at its Brazeau North gas plant and continued to prepare for the upcoming suspension of the Ricinus gas plant later this year. Substantially all of the volumes from these suspensions will be redirected to existing Keyera gas plants for processing.

The timing for completing the overall optimization plan is as follows:

Gas Plant	Timing of Suspension		
Minnehik Buck Lake	Completed in May 2020		
West Pembina	Completed in August 2020		
Bigoray	Completed in September 2020		
Brazeau North	Completed in July 2021		
Ricinus	September 2021		
Nordegg River	2022		

Upon completion of the optimization plan, utilization of Keyera's gas plants in the South region is expected to increase from less than 50% to approximately 70% by mid-2022. The optimization strategy also aligns with Keyera's environmental efforts by reducing its overall gross greenhouse gas emissions by approximately 12% in 2021 relative to 2019. The operating cost reductions and optimization of gas plants are expected to result in an improvement in operating margin of \$20 million to \$30 million per

year, with the majority of the annual benefit expected to materialize by the end of 2021. A portion of these benefits were realized in the first half of 2021.

In the second quarter of 2021, maintenance turnarounds were completed at the Brazeau River and Zeta Creek gas plants at a combined cost of approximately \$11 million. The majority of processing volumes were successfully redirected to other Keyera gas plants during both maintenance turnarounds. The costs associated with maintenance turnarounds are capitalized for accounting purposes and do not have an effect on operating expenses in the Gathering and Processing segment. Distributable cash flow is reduced by Keyera's share of the cost of the turnarounds, as these costs are included in its financial results as maintenance capital expenditures.

In July 2021, the Wapiti gas plant was taken offline for approximately 10 days to install new waste heat recovery infrastructure and to perform other minor maintenance work. This planned outage supports the future reliability of the facility. The cost of the new waste heat recovery infrastructure is approximately \$5 million and will be included as a growth capital expenditure. The impact to operating margin in the third quarter from the outage is estimated to be less than \$5 million.

For most of the third quarter of 2021, ethane sales volumes from the Rimbey gas plant will be curtailed as the petrochemical company that purchases the ethane under a long-term commercial arrangement will be undergoing a scheduled maintenance outage. The ethane sales curtailment is expected to reduce operating margin by approximately \$5 million.

### **Liquids Infrastructure**

The Liquids Infrastructure segment provides fractionation, storage, transportation, liquids blending and terminalling services for NGLs and crude oil, and produces iso-octane. These services are provided to customers through an extensive network of facilities, including the following assets:

- NGL and crude oil pipelines;
- underground NGL storage caverns;
- above ground storage tanks;
- NGL fractionation and de-ethanization facilities;
- pipeline, rail and truck terminals;
- liquids blending facilities; and
- the AEF facility.

The AEF facility has a licensed production capacity of 13,600 barrels per day of iso-octane. Iso-octane is a low vapour pressure, high-octane gasoline blending component that contains virtually no sulphur, aromatics or benzene, making this product a clean burning gasoline additive. AEF uses butane as the primary feedstock to produce iso-octane. As a result, AEF's business creates positive synergies with Keyera's Marketing business, which purchases, handles, stores and sells large volumes of butane.

Most of Keyera's Liquids Infrastructure assets are located in, or connected to, the Edmonton/Fort Saskatchewan area of Alberta, one of four key NGL hubs in North America. A significant portion of the NGL production from Alberta raw gas processing plants is delivered into the Edmonton/Fort Saskatchewan area via multiple NGL gathering systems for fractionation into specification products and delivery to market. Keyera's underground storage caverns at Fort Saskatchewan are used to store NGL mix and specification products. For example, propane can be stored in the summer months to meet winter demand; condensate can be stored to meet the diluent supply needs of the oil sands sector; and butane can be stored to meet blending and iso-octane feedstock requirements.

Keyera operates an industry-leading condensate hub in Western Canada that includes connections to: i) all major condensate receipt points, including Enbridge's Southern Lights pipeline and CRW pool, all the Fort Saskatchewan area fractionators, and Pembina's Cochin pipeline and Canadian Diluent Hub; and ii) all major condensate delivery points, including Inter Pipeline's Polaris and Cold Lake pipelines, the Norlite pipeline, Enbridge's CRW pool, and Wolf Midstream's Access pipeline system.

Keyera's Liquids Infrastructure assets are closely integrated with its Marketing segment, providing the ability to source, transport, process, store and deliver products across North America. A portion of the revenues earned by this segment relate to services provided to Keyera's Marketing segment. All of the revenues in this segment that are associated with the AEF facility and the Oklahoma Liquids Terminal relate to services provided to the Marketing segment.

Operating and realized margin for the Liquids Infrastructure segment were as follows:

Operating and Realized Margin	Three months ended June 30,			ths ended ne 30,
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenue <sup>1</sup>	138,194	135,884	285,931	280,671
Operating expenses <sup>1</sup>	(42,182)	(36,291)	(85,534)	(78,956)
Operating margin	96,012	99,593	200,397	201,715
Unrealized (gain) loss on risk management				
contracts	(147)	(360)	279	600
Realized margin <sup>2</sup>	95,865	99,233	200,676	202,315

Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Includes inter-segment transactions.

<sup>2</sup> Realized margin is not a standard measure under GAAP. Management believes that this supplemental measure facilitates the understanding of the financial results for the operating segments in the period without the effect of mark-to-market changes from risk management contracts related to future periods.

# Operating Margin and Revenue • Decrease was primarily due to lower utilization from the Alberta Crude Terminal. • Increase was mainly due to higher volumes through Keyera's condensate system and higher operating revenues from the AEF facility resulting from increased operating expenses that are charged to the Marketing segment.

### Second Quarter Year-to-Date Operating Margin and Revenue Decrease was primarily due to the same factors that affected operating margin in the second quarter. **Operating** Partly offsetting the decrease in operating margin were higher storage revenues from higher contracted Margin \$1 million vs volumes and incremental margin associated with O2 YTD 2020 cavern 16 in Fort Saskatchewan which came into service in April 2020. Increase was mainly due to the same factors that Revenue affected revenue in the second quarter. \$5 million vs Q2 YTD 2020

### **Liquids Infrastructure Activity**

The second quarter of 2021 was a busy time for the Liquids Infrastructure segment as the business:

- successfully completed its annual maintenance turnaround at Keyera's Fort Saskatchewan complex over a two-week period with no significant safety incidents;
- prepared the Wildhorse Terminal for operational start up at the end of July; and
- continued to meet the needs of customers with strong operational performance across its diverse range of infrastructure assets.

Second quarter operating margin for the Liquids Infrastructure segment was solid, however declined by \$8 million compared to the record results posted in the first quarter of 2021. This decrease was primarily due to: i) lower fractionation revenues from the planned maintenance outage at Keyera's Fort Saskatchewan complex; and ii) lower rail loading margins at Keyera's Josephburg Terminal and Hull Terminal in Texas due to lower seasonal propane demand.

As crude oil prices continued to strengthen through the second quarter 2021, oil sands production remained strong resulting in high condensate demand. As a result, volumes through Keyera's condensate system in the second quarter of 2021 were 3% higher than the first quarter of 2021. The increased volumes do not have a significant financial impact to Keyera due to long-term, take-or-pay arrangements in place with several major oil sands producers. Under these agreements, Keyera provides a variety of services including diluent transportation, storage and rail offload services in the Edmonton/Fort Saskatchewan area.

In July, Keyera successfully re-contracted condensate storage agreements with two major oil sands producers. The first storage agreement extends the service term with one of the producers by approximately four years, while the second agreement provides additional condensate transportation services to another major oil sands producer. Both agreements include increased take-or-pay commitments. The demand for storage services is expected to be strong for the remainder of 2021 and will be met with incremental storage capacity from the 17<sup>th</sup> underground storage cavern that is scheduled to be operational in the fourth quarter. Keyera's storage assets provide significant operational flexibility and value to customers in a dynamic commodity price environment with varying levels of demand.

Utilization rates for the two fractionation units at Keyera's Fort Saskatchewan complex were at 90% of nameplate capacity in the second quarter of 2021 as the facility completed its annual maintenance activities. For the contract year beginning April 1, 2021, Keyera has contracted fractionation fees that are comparable to the prior year and expects utilization of its fractionation units to remain near nameplate capacity for the remainder of the year. This is due to strong demand from Keyera's customer base that includes several of the largest NGL producers active in the WCSB.

The AEF facility is operated by the Liquids Infrastructure segment and provides iso-octane processing services to the Marketing segment on a fee-for-service basis. The facility's operational performance continued to be strong through the second quarter of 2021 as iso-octane production averaged slightly above AEF's nameplate capacity.

Keyera continues to focus on enhancing its infrastructure to meet the needs of its customers. The table below is a status update of major projects in the Liquids Infrastructure segment:

Liquids Infrastructure - Capital Projects Status Update					
Facility/Area	Project Description	Project Status Update			
KAPS (50/50 joint venture with Energy Transfer Canada ULC)	KAPS NGL and Condensate Pipeline System: Development of a 12-inch and 16-inch NGL and condensate pipeline system that will transport Montney and Duvernay production in northwestern Alberta to Keyera's fractionation assets and condensate system in Fort Saskatchewan. Along its route, KAPS will be connected to Keyera's Pipestone, Wapiti and Simonette gas plants and several third-party gas plants.	Following winter clearing activities, pipeline construction and the successful completion of the first river crossing occurred in the second quarter of 2021. Engineering, pipe fabrication and procurement activities also continued in the quarter.  KAPS is anticipated to be operational in 2023.  Estimated total cost to complete:  gross cost is approximately \$1.6 billion  Keyera's net share of costs is approximately \$800 million  Total net costs to June 30, 2021:  \$31 million and \$50 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021  \$95 million since inception			
Cushing, Oklahoma (90/10 joint venture with affiliate of Lama Energy Group)	Wildhorse Terminal ("Wildhorse"): Development of a crude oil storage and blending terminal in Cushing, Oklahoma which will include 12 above ground tanks with 4.5 million barrels of working storage capacity. Wildhorse will initially be pipeline connected to two existing storage terminals in Cushing.	The terminal commenced operations at the end of July 2021.  Estimated total cost to complete:  gross cost is approximately US\$235 million  Keyera's net share of costs is approximately US\$211 million  Total net costs to June 30, 2021:  \$10 million (US\$8 million) and \$14 million (US\$11 million) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021  \$265 million (US\$200 million) since inception			

Liquids Infrastru	cture – Capital Projects Status Update	
Facility/Area	Project Description	Project Status Update
South Cheecham (50/50 joint venture with Enbridge)	Sulphur Facilities: Development of sulphur handling, forming, and storage facilities at the South Cheecham rail and truck terminal.	Construction progressed through the second quarter of 2021.  The sulphur facilities are anticipated to be operational in the first half of 2022.  Estimated total cost to complete:  gross cost is approximately \$140
		million  • Keyera's net share of costs is approximately \$70 million  Total net costs to June 30, 2021:  • \$10 million and \$14 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021  • \$22 million since inception

Estimated costs and completion times for the projects currently under development that are discussed above assume that construction proceeds as planned, that actual costs are in line with estimates and, where required, that regulatory approvals and any other third-party approvals or consents are received on a timely basis. Regulatory approvals for KAPS and the South Cheecham Sulphur Facilities have been received. A portion of the costs incurred for completed and ongoing projects is based on estimates. Final costs may differ when actual invoices are received or contracts are settled. Costs for the projects described above exclude carrying charges (i.e., capitalized interest). The section of this MD&A titled, "Forward-Looking Information", provides more information on factors that could affect the development of these projects.

### Marketing

The Marketing segment is focused on the purchase and sale of products associated with Keyera's facilities, including NGLs, crude oil and iso-octane. Keyera markets products acquired through processing arrangements, term supply agreements and other purchase transactions. Most NGL volumes are purchased under one-year supply contracts typically with terms beginning in April of each year. In addition, Keyera has long-term supply arrangements with several producers for a portion of its NGL supply. Keyera may also source additional condensate or butane, including from the U.S., when market conditions and associated sales contracts are favourable.

Keyera negotiates sales contracts with customers in Canada and the U.S. based on the volumes it has contracted to purchase. In the case of condensate sales, the majority of the product is sold to customers in Alberta shortly after it is purchased. Butane is used as the primary feedstock in the production of iso-octane at Keyera's AEF facility and therefore a significant portion of the contracted butane supply is retained for Keyera's own use.

Propane markets are seasonal and geographically diverse. Keyera sells propane in various North American markets, often where the only option for delivery is via railcar or truck. Keyera is well positioned to serve these markets due to its extensive infrastructure and rail logistics expertise. Further, because demand for propane is typically higher in the winter, Keyera can utilize its NGL storage facilities to build an inventory of propane during the summer months when prices are typically lower to fulfill winter term-sales commitments.

Keyera manages its NGL supply and sales portfolio by monitoring its inventory position and purchase and sale commitments. Nevertheless, the Marketing business is exposed to commodity price fluctuations arising between the time contracted volumes are purchased and the time they are sold, as well as pricing differentials between different geographic markets. These risks are managed by purchasing and selling product at prices based on the same or similar indices or benchmarks, and through physical and financial contracts that include energy-related forward contracts, price swaps, forward currency contracts and other hedging instruments. A more detailed description of the risks associated with the Marketing segment is available in Keyera's Annual Information Form, which is available at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>.

Keyera's primary markets for iso-octane are in the Gulf Coast, Midwestern United States, and Western Canada. Demand for iso-octane is seasonal, with higher demand in the spring and summer, typically resulting in higher sales prices during these months. There can be significant variability in iso-octane margins. As with Keyera's other marketing activities, various strategies are utilized to mitigate the risks associated with the commodity price exposure, including the use of financial contracts. The section of this MD&A titled "Risk Management" provides more information on the risks associated with the sale of iso-octane and Keyera's related hedging strategy.

Keyera also engages in liquids blending, where it operates facilities at various locations, allowing it to transport, process and blend various product streams. Margins are earned by blending products of lower value into higher value products. As a result, these transactions are exposed to variability in price and quality differentials between various product streams. Keyera manages this risk by balancing its purchases and sales and employing risk management strategies.

Overall, the integration of Keyera's business lines means that its Marketing segment can draw on the resources available to it through its two fee-for-service, facilities-based operating segments (Liquids Infrastructure and Gathering and Processing), including access to NGL supply and key fractionation, storage and transportation infrastructure and logistics expertise.

On average, Keyera expects its Marketing business to contribute a "base realized margin" of between \$180 million and \$220 million annually. This base contribution assumes: i) AEF operates near capacity; ii) butane feedstock costs are comparable to the 2018 contract year; iii) there are no significant logistics or

transportation curtailments; and iv) producers deliver their volumes according to plan. There are numerous variables that can affect the results from Keyera's Marketing segment. For a detailed discussion of risk factors that affect Keyera, see Keyera's Annual Information Form which is available at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>.

Operating and realized margin for the Marketing segment were as follows:

Operating and Realized Margin (Thousands of Canadian dollars, except		Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
for sales volume information)	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Revenue <sup>1</sup> Operating expenses <sup>1</sup>	833,485 (781,058)	343,868 (352,971)	1,655,102 (1,549,445)	1,217,031 (980,111)	
Operating margin (loss) Unrealized loss (gain) on risk management	52,427	(9,103)	105,657	236,920	
contracts	26,607	63,287	34,412	(17,712)	
Realized margin	79,034	54,184	140,069	219,208	
Sales volumes (Bbl/d)	145,500	134,800	159,400	152,900	

Note:

Realized margin is not a standard measure under GAAP. Management believes that this supplemental measure facilitates the understanding of the Marketing segment's financial results in the period without the effect of mark-to-market changes from risk management contracts related to future periods.

Composition of Marketing Revenue		onths ended ne 30,		ths ended ne 30,
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Physical sales	900,674	384,925	1,804,236	1,121,095
Realized cash (loss) gain on financial contracts <sup>1</sup>	(40,582)	22,230	(114,722)	78,224
Unrealized gain (loss) due to reversal of financial contracts existing at end of prior period	30,613	(75,810)	22,024	5,371
Unrealized (loss) gain due to fair value of financial contracts existing at end of current period	(56,681)	11,607	(56,681)	11,607
Unrealized (loss) gain from fixed price physical contracts <sup>2</sup>	(539)	916	245	734
Total unrealized (loss) gain on risk management contracts	(26,607)	(63,287)	(34,412)	17,712
Total (loss) gain on risk management contracts	(67,189)	(41,057)	(149,134)	95,936
Total Marketing revenue	833,485	343,868	1,655,102	1,217,031

Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Includes inter-segment transactions.

Realized cash gains and losses represent actual cash settlements or receipts under the respective contracts.

<sup>2</sup> Unrealized gains and losses represent the change in fair value of fixed price physical contracts that meet the GAAP definition of a derivative instrument.

### Second Quarter Operating & Realized Margin and Revenue

# Operating Margin \$62 million vs Q2 2020

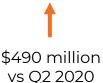
- Increase due to \$37 million in lower unrealized noncash losses from risk management contracts in Q2 2021 compared to the same period in 2020; and
- \$25 million in higher realized margin as described in more detail below.

### Realized Margin



- Increase primarily due to higher liquids blending contribution resulting from higher sales volumes and margins from increased condensate demand and higher pricing; and
- higher iso-octane margins attributable to higher sales volumes and stronger product premiums relative to the prior year.

### Revenue



 Increase due to higher average sales volumes and significantly higher average sales prices for all products resulting from the significant recovery of commodity prices in 2021.

# Second Quarter Year-to-Date Operating & Realized Margin and Revenue

### Operating Margin



\$131 million vs Q2 YTD 2020

- Decrease due to \$34 million in unrealized non-cash losses from risk management contracts in 2021 versus a non-cash gain of \$18 million in 2020; and
- \$79 million in lower realized margin as described in more detail below.

### Realized Margin



\$79 million vs Q2 YTD 2020  Decrease primarily due to \$83 million in lower isooctane margins due to an exceptionally strong Q1 2020 that benefited from historically high demand, strong product premiums and lower average butane feedstock costs compared to the first quarter of 2021.

### Revenue



 Increase was due to higher average sales volumes and higher average sales prices for all products resulting from the significant recovery of commodity prices in 2021.

### **Market Commentary**

During the second quarter of 2021, gasoline fundamentals showed modest improvement as motor gasoline demand improved from approximately 10% to just 2% below historical levels as summer travel progressed in many parts of the U.S.

Motor gasoline pricing remained strong through the second quarter. However, the premium for isooctane showed only marginal improvement, and remained significantly below historical levels because of an increased supply of octane blending components that continued to be imported into the U.S. at record levels. Significant improvements to iso-octane premiums will be dependent on a wider global recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic and the resumption of historical mobility patterns to absorb excess octane production that is currently landing in the U.S.

As butane is the primary feedstock to produce iso-octane, butane costs directly affect iso-octane margins. The majority of Keyera's butane supply is purchased on a one-year term basis. For the annual term supply contracts that began on April 1, 2021, the price for butane as a percentage of crude oil is lower than the average of the previous five years. Keyera's butane inventory levels at the end of the second quarter returned to more seasonal levels.

As crude oil prices continued to strengthen through the second quarter of 2021, oil sands production remained strong. Consequently, condensate demand from oil sands producers remained high resulting in solid contribution from the sale of condensate. Margins from Keyera's liquids blending business were robust in the second quarter due to high volumes and strong prices that continued to increase from the first quarter of 2021.

In the second quarter of 2021, propane margins returned to seasonally lower levels and Keyera began to build propane inventory to meet winter heating demand in markets across North America. The outlook for propane pricing is anticipated to strengthen significantly, as incremental export capacity in North America came online in the second quarter of 2021 and as Inter Pipeline's Heartland propane dehydrogenation facility becomes operational in 2022. Access to Keyera's cavern storage and rail terminals provides the Marketing segment with a competitive advantage as it can store and transport product to the highest value markets in North America throughout the year.

With the continued strength in commodity markets, as well as Keyera's disciplined risk management program, realized margin for 2021 is now expected to be at the high-end of the previously disclosed range of \$260 million and \$290 million. This exceeds the "base realized margin" range due to lower term butane supply costs and the following additional assumptions: i) weaker iso-octane premiums compared to a typical peak demand season; and ii) current forward pricing for any unhedged volumes for the remainder of 2021.

### Risk Management

When possible, Keyera uses hedging strategies to mitigate risk in its Marketing business, including foreign currency exchange risk associated with the purchase and sale of NGLs and iso-octane. Keyera's hedging objective for iso-octane is to secure attractive margins and mitigate the effect of iso-octane price fluctuations on its future operating margins. Iso-octane is generally priced at a premium to the price of Reformulated Blendstock for Oxygen Blending ("RBOB"). RBOB is the highest volume refined product sold in the U.S. and has the most liquid forward financial contracts. Accordingly, Keyera expects to continue to utilize RBOB-based financial contracts to hedge a portion of its iso-octane sales.

To protect the value of its NGL inventory from fluctuations in commodity prices, Keyera typically uses physical and financial forward contracts. For propane inventory, contracts are generally put in place as inventory builds and may either: i) settle when products are expected to be withdrawn from inventory and sold; or ii) settle and reset on a month-to-month basis. Within these strategies, there may be differences in timing between when the contracts are settled and when the product is sold. In general, the increase or decrease in the fair value of the contracts is intended to mitigate fluctuations in the value

of the inventories and protect operating margin. Keyera typically uses propane physical and financial forward contracts to hedge its propane inventory.

Keyera may hold butane inventory to meet the feedstock requirements of the AEF facility. For condensate, most of the product purchased is sold within one month. The supply and sales prices for both butane and condensate are typically priced as a percentage of West Texas Intermediate ("WTI") crude oil and in certain cases the supply cost may be based on a hub posted or index price. To align the pricing terms of physical supply with the terms of contracted sales and to protect the value of butane and condensate inventory, the following hedging strategies may be utilized:

- Keyera may enter into financial contracts to lock in the supply price at a specified percentage of WTI, as the sales contracts for butane and condensate are also generally priced in relation to WTI. When butane or condensate is physically purchased, the financial contract is settled and a realized gain or loss is recorded in income.
- Once the product is in inventory, WTI financial forward contracts are generally used to protect the value of the inventory.

Within these hedging strategies, there may be differences in timing between when the financial contracts are settled and when the products are purchased and sold. There may also be basis risk between the prices of crude oil and the NGL products, and therefore the financial contracts may not fully offset future butane and condensate price movements.

For the quarter ended June 30, 2021, the total unrealized loss on risk management contracts was \$27 million. Further details are provided in the "Composition of Marketing Revenue" table above.

The fair value of outstanding financial risk management contracts as at June 30, 2021 resulted in an unrealized (non-cash) loss of \$57 million. The fair value of financial and fixed price physical contracts will vary as these contracts are marked-to-market at the end of each period. A summary of the financial contracts existing at June 30, 2021, and the sensitivity to earnings resulting from changes in commodity prices, can be found in note 11, Financial Instruments and Risk Management, of the accompanying financial statements.

### CORPORATE AND OTHER

Non-Operating Expenses and Other Income		onths ended ne 30,	Six months ended June 30,	
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Other loss (operating margin)	(318)	(106)	(941)	(39)
General and administrative (net of overhead				
recoveries on operated facilities)	(20,442)	(33,913)	(39,897)	(56,674)
Finance costs	(42,009)	(30,741)	(82,117)	(61,877)
Depreciation, depletion and amortization				
expenses	(66,118)	(84,919)	(132,454)	(137,149)
Net foreign currency gain on U.S. debt				
and other	2,886	14,108	2,975	2,095
Long-term incentive plan (expense) recovery	(20,161)	(6,660)	(25,315)	10,267
Impairment expense	(9,494)	_	(9,494)	(194,001)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	(5, .5 .)		(5, .5 .)	(13 1,001)
equipment	19,158	_	20,797	_
Other	3,792	_	8,781	_
Income tax (expense) recovery	(22,975)	93	(48,789)	(31,768)

### Other Income (Loss)

Keyera acquired oil and gas reserves as part of the acquisition of ownership interests in the Minnehik Buck Lake, West Pembina, Bigoray and Cynthia facilities. Keyera reports operating margin (net of royalties and operating expenses) from the production associated with all of its reserves as other income as it has no plans to drill additional wells to offset natural production declines. The West Pembina production wells are inactive and the production wells associated with the Minnehik Buck Lake facility were shut-in when operations were suspended at the facility during the second quarter of 2020. During the first quarter of 2021, Keyera disposed of its ownership interest in the Cynthia production wells, resulting in remaining reserves and production that are insignificant. The reserves and production are not material to Keyera's business and do not have a material effect on its financial results.

Other loss for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$nil and \$1 million, respectively, which was virtually unchanged from the same periods in 2020. Production for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 was nominal compared to 1,723 and 2,111 barrels of oil equivalent per day for the same periods in 2020.

### **General and Administrative Expenses**

G&A expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 were \$20 million and \$40 million, \$13 million and \$17 million lower than the same periods in 2020, primarily due to severance costs recorded during the first and second quarters of the prior year as a result of the closure of the Nevis and Gilby gas plants, and workforce reductions at Keyera's corporate office and certain field locations.

### **Finance Costs**

Finance costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 were \$42 million and \$82 million, \$11 million and \$20 million higher than the same periods in 2020 primarily due to lower interest capitalized on qualifying projects that is a reduction to finance costs. Interest capitalized on qualifying projects was \$5 million and \$9 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, compared to \$12 million and \$22 million in the same periods of 2020. In addition, Keyera recorded incremental interest expense of \$5 million and \$6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 related to the issuance of \$350 million in subordinated notes in March 2021.

### **Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization Expenses**

Depreciation, depletion and amortization ("DD&A") expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 were \$66 million and \$132 million, \$19 million and \$5 million lower than the same periods in 2020 primarily due to a one-time \$23 million adjustment to fully depreciate certain assets to a nominal value. Partly offsetting this decrease was an increase in Keyera's overall asset base including phase two of the Wapiti gas plant and the Pipestone gas plant.

### Net Foreign Currency Gain (Loss) on U.S. Debt and Other

The net foreign currency gain (loss) associated with the U.S. debt and other was as follows:

Net Foreign Currency Gain (Loss) on U.S. Debt and Other		nths ended ne 30,	Six months ended June 30,	
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Translation of long-term debt and interest payable	5,774	22,150	11,934	(28,658)
Change in fair value of cross-currency swaps – principal and interest Gain on cross-currency swaps – interest <sup>1</sup>	(4,799) 385	(15,480) 1,635	(12,623) 385	36,842 1,989
Foreign exchange re-measurement of lease liabilities and other	1,526	5,803	3,279	(8,078)
Net foreign currency gain on U.S. debt and other	2,886	14,108	2,975	2,095

Note:

To manage the foreign currency exposure on U.S. dollar denominated debt, Keyera has entered into cross-currency agreements with a syndicate of banks to swap the U.S. dollar principal and future interest payments into Canadian dollars. The cross-currency agreements are accounted for as derivative instruments and are marked-to-market at the end of each period. The fair value of the cross-currency swap agreements will fluctuate between periods due to changes in the forward curve for foreign exchange rates, as well as an adjustment to reflect credit risk. Additional information on the swap agreements can be found in note 11, Financial Instruments and Risk Management, of the accompanying financial statements.

### Long-Term Incentive Plan (Expense) Recovery

The Long-Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP") expense was \$20 million and \$25 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, compared to an expense of \$7 million and a recovery of \$10 million in the same periods in 2020. The higher LTIP expense was primarily due to the recovery in Keyera's share price at the end of June 30, 2021 relative to the decline in share price that occurred during the same periods of the prior year.

### **Net Impairment Expense**

Keyera reviews its assets for indicators of impairment on a quarterly basis. As well, if an asset has been impaired and subsequently recovers in value, GAAP requires the asset to be written-up (i.e., reversal of previous impairments). Impairment expenses are non-cash charges and do not affect operating margin, funds from operations, distributable cash flow, or adjusted EBITDA.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, in connection with the acquisition of the remaining 50 percent working interest in the Alberta Crude Terminal, Keyera recorded a \$9 million impairment expense in the Liquids Infrastructure – Canada Cash-Generating Unit ("CGU") related to its original working interest in the facility.

In the first quarter of 2020, Keyera recorded an impairment expense of \$194 million in relation to the Central Foothills and Drayton Valley North CGUs. The impairment expense recorded for the Central Foothills CGU was the result of the planned suspension of the West Pembina, Ricinus and Nordegg

<sup>1</sup> Foreign currency gains resulted from the exchange of currencies related to the settlement of interest payments on the long-term cross-currency swaps.

River gas plants as part of the gathering and processing optimization strategy. The impairment expense recorded for the Drayton Valley North CGU was the result of the low utilization at the Brazeau North and Pembina North gathering and processing complex.

### Gain on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, Keyera recorded a gain of \$19 million as a result of the disposition of its ownership interest in the Bonnie Glen Pipeline.

During the first quarter of 2021, Keyera recorded a gain of \$2 million as a result of the disposition of its ownership interest in the Cynthia production wells.

### Other

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, \$4 million and \$9 million of income was recorded from the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy ("CEWS") program, which was passed by the Government of Canada in April 2020 as part of its COVID-19 Economic Response Plan. These amounts relate to the 2020 year.

### **Taxes**

In general, as earnings before taxes increase, total tax expense (current and deferred taxes) will also be higher. If sufficient tax pools exist, current income taxes will be reduced and deferred income taxes will increase as these tax pools are utilized. Other factors that affect the calculation of deferred income taxes include future income tax rate changes and permanent differences (i.e., accounting income or expenses that will never be taxed or deductible for income tax purposes).

### **Current Income Taxes**

A current income tax expense of \$6 million was recorded for the three months ended June 30, 2021, compared to a recovery of \$18 million for the same period in 2020. The current income tax expense in 2021 is due to higher taxable income. On a year-to-date basis, current income tax expense was \$16 million compared to an expense of \$nil for the prior period.

For 2021, it is estimated that current income tax expense will be between \$30 million and \$40 million. The current income tax estimates for 2021 assumes that Keyera's business performs as planned and its capital projects are completed as expected.

### **Deferred Income Taxes**

A deferred income tax expense of \$17 million and \$33 million was recorded for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, which was virtually unchanged from the same periods in 2020.

Keyera estimates its total tax pools at June 30, 2021 were approximately \$3.3 billion.

### **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES**

In preparing Keyera's accompanying financial statements in accordance with GAAP, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that are not readily apparent from other sources, and are subject to change based on revised circumstances and the availability of new information. Actual results may differ from the estimates, which could materially affect the company's consolidated financial statements. Management has made appropriate decisions with respect to the formulation of estimates and assumptions that affect the recorded amounts of certain assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Keyera has hired qualified individuals who have the skills required to make such estimates. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed and compared to actual results as well as to budgets in order to make more informed decisions on future estimates. The methodologies and assumptions used in developing these estimates have not significantly changed since December 31, 2020. A description of the accounting estimates and the methodologies and assumptions underlying the estimates are described in the 2020 annual MD&A and note 4 of the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020, which are available at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The following is a comparison of cash inflows (outflows) from operating, investing and financing activities for the three months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

	Three months end	<b>ed June 30,</b> 2020	Increase	Explanation
Operating	2021 112,071	159,647	(decrease) (47,576)	Cash generated from operating activities was lower in the second quarter of 2021 primarily as a result of a decrease in cash generated from changes in operating working capital since year end. These changes in operating working capital are merely timing differences associated with the collection and settlement of Keyera's accounts receivable and accounts payable balances.
Investing	(81,991)	(186,251)	104,260	Capital investment in the second quarter of 2021 was primarily related to engineering activities associated with the KAPS pipeline project, and construction activities related to the South Cheecham sulphur facilities and the Wildhorse terminal. These projects are described in more detail in the "Segmented Results of Operations" section of this MD&A.
				As phase two of the Wapiti gas plant and the Pipestone gas plant were completed in 2020, and with the completion of the Wildhorse terminal at the end of July 2021, capital spending has decreased relative to the prior year.
Financing	(117,012)	224,385	(341,397)	There were no borrowings or repayments of long-term debt (including credit facilities) in the second quarter of 2021. Comparatively, in May 2020 Keyera issued \$400 million of senior unsecured medium-term notes, which allowed for a net repayment of \$70 million on its outstanding Credit Facility.

The following is a comparison of cash inflows (outflows) from operating, investing and financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

Cash inflows (outflows) (Thousands of Canadian dollars)									
	Six months end	ded June 30, 2020	Increase (decrease)	Explanation					
Operating	380,500	476,331	(95,831)	Cash generated from operating activities was lower in the first six months of 2021 primarily due to lower realized margin from the Marketing segment.					
Investing	(130,590)	(404,920)	274,330	Capital investment in the first six months of 2021 was focused on the same projects discussed for the three months ended June 30, 2021. These projects are described in more detail in the "Segmented Results of Operations" section of this MD&A.					
Financing	(167,978)	148,610	(316,588)	Funding requirements were lower during the first six months of 2021 compared to the same period in 2020 due to lower capital spending. In March 2021, Keyera issued \$350 million of subordinated notes, allowing for a full repayment on its outstanding Credit Facility, which totaled \$280 million, net of borrowings.					
				Comparatively, in 2020 Keyera issued \$400 million of senior unsecured medium-term notes and repaid \$90 million on a year-to-date basis of outstanding borrowings under its Credit Facility. The dividend reinvestment plan was also discontinued in the second quarter of 2020.					
Refer to the consolidated statements of cash flows of the accompanying financial statements for more detailed information.									

Working capital requirements are strongly influenced by the amounts of inventory held in storage and their related commodity prices. Product inventories are required to meet seasonal demand patterns and will vary depending on the time of year. Typically, Keyera's inventory levels for propane are at their lowest after the winter season and reach their peak in the third quarter to meet the demand for propane in the winter season.

Butane inventory is maintained for the production of iso-octane. When market conditions enable Keyera to source additional butane at favourable prices, butane may be held in storage for use in future periods. Inventory levels for iso-octane may fluctuate depending on market conditions. Demand for iso-octane is typically stronger in the second and third quarters, associated with the higher gasoline demand in the summer months.

A working capital surplus (current assets less current liabilities) of \$173 million existed at June 30, 2021. This is compared to a surplus of \$148 million at December 31, 2020. To meet its current obligations and growth capital program, Keyera has access to a credit facility in the amount of \$1.5 billion, of which \$nil was drawn as at June 30, 2021. Refer to the section below of this MD&A, "Long-term Debt", for more information related to Keyera's unsecured revolving credit facility ("Credit Facility").

### **Dividend Reinvestment Plan**

In April 2020, Keyera announced the discontinuation of the dividend reinvestment plan (the "Plan"). Shareholders who had been participating in either component of the Plan received the full cash dividend declared beginning with the dividend paid in May 2020. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, the Plan generated cash of \$16 million and \$77 million, respectively. Refer to Keyera's 2020 year end MD&A for more information related to the Plan.

### **Corporate Credit Ratings**

In light of the sharp decline in commodity prices and S&P Global's ("S&P") outlook for the industry that occurred in the first quarter of the prior year, S&P lowered Keyera's corporate credit rating from "BBB/stable" to a "BBB-/stable" in April 2020. At the same time, S&P lowered Keyera's medium-term notes issued in June 2018 to 'BBB-' from 'BBB', and the rating on its subordinated hybrid notes issued in June 2019 to 'BB' from 'BB+'. Keyera's corporate credit rating and issuer rating on its medium-term notes assigned by DBRS Limited ("DBRS") remain unchanged at "BBB" with a "stable" trend. The issuer-rating assigned by DBRS on Keyera's subordinated hybrid notes also remain at "BB (high)". Both credit agencies currently treat the subordinated hybrid notes as 50% equity.

Credit ratings are intended to provide investors with an independent measure of credit quality of an issue of securities. Credit ratings are not recommendations to purchase, hold or sell securities and do not address the market price or suitability of a specific security for a particular investor. There is no assurance that any rating will remain in effect for any given period of time or that any rating will not be revised or withdrawn entirely by a rating agency in the future if, in its judgment, circumstances so warrant.

Rating agencies will regularly evaluate Keyera, including its financial strength. In addition, factors not entirely within Keyera's control may also be considered, including conditions affecting the industry in which it operates. A credit rating downgrade could impair Keyera's ability to enter into arrangements with suppliers or counterparties and could limit its access to private and public credit markets in the future and increase the costs of borrowing.

### **Long-term Debt (including Credit Facilities)**

Below is a summary of Keyera's long-term debt obligations as at June 30, 2021:

As at June 30, 2021 (Thousands of Canadian dollars)	Total	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	After 2025
Credit facilities	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total credit facilities	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Canadian dollar denominated debt Senior unsecured notes	1,132,000	_	60,000	30,000	17,000	120,000	905,000
Senior unsecured medium-term notes	800,000	_	_	_			800,000
Subordinated hybrid notes	950,000	_	_	_	_	_	950,000
	2,882,000		60,000	30,000	17,000	120,000	2,655,000
Senior unsecured U.S. dollar denominated notes	413,070	_	_	_	158,778	173,663	80,629
Total debt	3,295,070	_	60,000	30,000	175,778	293,663	2,735,629
Less: current portion of long- term debt	_	_		_	_	_	_
Total long-term debt	3,295,070	_	60,000	30,000	175,778	293,663	2,735,629

### **Credit Facilities**

Keyera's Credit Facility is with a syndicate of eight lenders under which it can borrow up to \$1.5 billion, with the potential to increase that limit to \$1.85 billion subject to certain conditions. As at June 30, 2021, \$nil was drawn under this facility (December 31, 2020 – \$280 million). The Credit Facility matures on December 6, 2024. Management expects to extend the Credit Facility prior to maturity, and in the event of reaching maturity, expects an adequate replacement will be established.

Keyera also has two unsecured revolving demand facilities, one with the Toronto Dominion Bank in the amount of \$25 million and the other with the Royal Bank of Canada in the amount of \$50 million. These facilities bear interest based on the lenders' rates for Canadian prime commercial loans, U.S. base rate loans, LIBOR loans or bankers' acceptances.

### **Long-term Debt**

Keyera's long-term debt structure consists of a number of senior unsecured notes, medium-term notes and subordinated hybrid notes. On March 10, 2021, Keyera issued \$350 million of fixed-to-fixed rate subordinated notes due March 10, 2081 in the Canadian public debt market. The subordinated notes were issued under Keyera's short form base shelf prospectus dated November 15, 2019 and supplemented by a prospectus supplement dated March 8, 2021. The interest rate of 5.95% is payable in equal semi-annual payments for the period from March 10, 2021 to, but not including, March 10, 2031, with the first interest payment date on September 10, 2021. Commencing on March 10, 2031 until maturity, on each interest reset date (March 10, 2031 and every five years thereafter whereby any of the notes are outstanding), the interest rate will reset to a fixed rate per annum as follows:

Interest Reset Periods	Interest Rate
March 10, 2031 to, but not including, March 10, 2051	5-Year Government of Canada Yield plus 4.655%
March 10, 2051 to, but not including, March 10, 2081	5-Year Government of Canada Yield plus 5.405%

The notes are subject to optional redemption by Keyera, whereby on or after December 10, 2030, Keyera may redeem the notes in whole at any time, or in part from time to time, and dependent upon certain conditions. A portion of the proceeds were used to repay indebtedness under Keyera's Credit

Facility. The remaining proceeds will be used to fund Keyera's ongoing capital program, including its ownership interest in KAPS, and for other general corporate purposes.

As at June 30, 2021, Keyera had \$2,882 million and US\$333 million of long-term debt. To manage the foreign currency exposure on the U.S. dollar denominated debt, Keyera has entered into cross-currency agreements with a syndicate of banks to swap the U.S. dollar principal and future interest payments into Canadian dollars at foreign exchange rates of \$0.98 and \$1.03 per U.S. dollar for the principal payments and \$1.22 and \$1.14 per U.S. dollar for the future interest payments. The cross-currency agreements are accounted for as derivative instruments and are measured at fair value at the end of each quarter. The section of this MD&A titled, "Net Foreign Currency Gain (Loss) on U.S. Debt and Other", provides more information.

### **Compliance with Covenants**

The Credit Facility is subject to two major financial covenants: "Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA" and "Adjusted EBITDA to Interest Charges" ratios. The senior unsecured notes are subject to three major financial covenants: "Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA", "Adjusted EBITDA to Interest Charges" and "Priority Debt to Total Assets". The medium-term notes are subject to one major financial covenant: "Funded Debt to Total Capitalization". The calculations for each of these ratios (i) are based on specific definitions in the agreements governing the Credit Facility and relevant notes, as applicable, (ii) are not in accordance with GAAP, and (iii) cannot be easily calculated by referring to the company's financial statements. Failure to adhere to these covenants may impair Keyera's ability to pay dividends and such a circumstance could affect the company's ability to execute future growth plans. Management expects that upon maturity of the company's credit facilities and other debt arrangements, adequate replacements will be established.

The primary covenant for Keyera's private senior unsecured notes and its Credit Facility is a Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio. In the calculation of debt for the purpose of calculating this covenant, Keyera is required to: i) include senior debt; ii) deduct working capital surpluses or add working capital deficits; and iii) utilize the cross-currency swap rates in the calculation of debt rather than the spot rate as at each statement of financial position date. The covenant test calculation also excludes 100% of Keyera's \$950 million subordinated hybrid notes. Keyera is required to maintain a Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio of less than 4.0; however, the company has the flexibility to increase this ratio from 4.0 to 4.5 for periods of up to four consecutive fiscal quarters.

As at June 30, 2021, Keyera was in compliance with all covenants under its Credit Facility and outstanding notes. Keyera's Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio at June 30, 2021 was 2.7x for covenant test purposes (December 31, 2020 – 2.9x). As a long-term target, Keyera's objective is to maintain a Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio of between 2.5x to 3.0x. This range results in a leverage profile that supports Keyera's investment grade credit ratings.

For additional information regarding these financial covenants, refer to the Credit Facility and the Note Agreements which are available on SEDAR at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>.

### **Capital Expenditures and Acquisitions**

The following table is a breakdown of capital expenditures and acquisitions for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

Capital Expenditures and Acquisitions	Three months ended June 30,			
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Acquisitions	11,165	1,630	11,165	1,630
Growth capital expenditures	80,149	127,082	128,177	337,696
Maintenance capital expenditures	21,917	6,213	25,822	14,421
Total capital expenditures	113,231	134,925	165,164	353,747

Growth capital expenditures for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 amounted to \$80 million and \$128 million, respectively. Refer to the section of this MD&A, "Segmented Results of Operations", for information related to the various growth capital projects in the Liquids Infrastructure segment, including estimated costs to complete, costs incurred in 2021 and since inception of the project, and estimated completion timeframes.

During the second quarter of 2021, Keyera acquired the remaining 50 percent ownership interest in the Alberta Crude Terminal for cash consideration of \$11 million. Refer to note 4, Property, Plant and Equipment, of the accompanying financial statements for additional details.

Keyera has comprehensive inspection, monitoring and maintenance programs in place. The objectives of these programs are to keep Keyera's facilities in good working order and to maintain their ability to operate reliably for many years. In addition to the maintenance capital expenditures, Keyera incurred maintenance and repair expenses of \$10 million and \$21 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, \$3 million and \$5 million lower than the same periods in the prior year.

### **Dividends**

### Funds from Operations and Distributable Cash Flow

Funds from operations and distributable cash flow are not standard measures under GAAP, and therefore may not be comparable to similar measures reported by other entities. Funds from operations is used to assess the level of cash flow generated from operating activities excluding the effect of changes in non-cash working capital, as they are primarily the result of seasonal fluctuations in product inventories or other temporary changes. Funds from operations is also a valuable measure that allows investors to compare Keyera with other infrastructure companies within the oil and gas industry.

Distributable cash flow is used to assess the level of cash flow generated from ongoing operations and to evaluate the adequacy of internally generated cash flow to fund dividends. Deducted from the determination of distributable cash flow are maintenance capital expenditures, lease expenditures, including the periodic costs related to prepaid leases, and inventory write-downs. Refer to the section of the MD&A tilted "Non-GAAP Financial Measures".

The following is a reconciliation of funds from operations and distributable cash flow to its most closely related GAAP measure, cash flow from operating activities:

Funds from Operations and Distributable Cash Flow	Three months ended June 30,			ths ended ne 30,
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Cash flow from operating activities Add (deduct):	112,071	159,647	380,500	476,331
Changes in non-cash working capital	69,275	17,719	(18,089)	(12,617)
Funds from operations	181,346	177,366	362,411	463,714
Maintenance capital	(21,917)	(6,213)	(25,822)	(14,421)
Leases	(10,858)	(12,782)	(22,636)	(25,098)
Prepaid lease asset	(631)	_	(1,262)	_
Inventory write-down	_	(722)	_	(13,507)
Distributable cash flow	147,940	157,649	312,691	410,688
Dividends declared to shareholders	106,091	106,091	212,182	211,303
Payout ratio	<b>72</b> %	67%	68%	51%

Distributable cash flow for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was \$148 million, \$10 million lower than the same period in 2020 as a current income tax expense, increase in maintenance capital expenditures and higher LTIP expenses more than offset the higher realized margin from the Marketing and Gathering and Processing segments.

On a year-to-date basis, distributable cash flow was \$313 million, \$98 million lower than the same period in 2020 primarily due to a decrease in realized margin from the Marketing segment and a long-term incentive plan expense in 2021 compared to a recovery in 2020.

### **Dividend Policy**

Keyera currently pays a dividend of \$0.16 per share per month, or \$1.92 per share annually. One of Keyera's priorities is to maintain the current monthly dividend while preserving a low dividend payout ratio and strong financial position. In determining the level of cash dividends to shareholders, Keyera's board of directors considers current and expected future levels of distributable cash flow, capital expenditures, borrowings and debt repayments, changes in working capital requirements and other factors.

Keyera expects to pay dividends from distributable cash flow; however, credit facilities may be used to stabilize dividends from time to time. Growth capital expenditures will be funded from cash, retained operating cash flow, and additional debt or equity, as required. Although Keyera intends to continue to make regular, monthly cash dividends to its shareholders, these dividends are not guaranteed. For a more detailed discussion of the risks that could affect the level of cash dividends, refer to Keyera's Annual Information Form available at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>.

#### **EBITDA**

EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are not standard measures under GAAP and, therefore, may not be comparable to similar measures reported by other entities. EBITDA is a measure showing earnings before finance costs, taxes, depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as EBITDA before costs associated with non-cash items, including unrealized gains/losses on commodity-related contracts, net foreign currency gains/losses on U.S. debt and other, impairment expenses and any other non-cash items such as gains/losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment. Management believes that these supplemental measures facilitate the understanding of Keyera's results from operations. Refer to the section of the MD&A tilted "Non-GAAP Financial Measures".

The following is a reconciliation of EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA to their most closely related GAAP measure, net earnings:

EBITDA	Three months ended June 30,			ths ended ne 30,
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Net earnings	78,595	17,763	164,420	103,371
Add (deduct):				
Finance costs	42,009	30,741	82,117	61,877
Depreciation, depletion and				
amortization expenses	66,118	84,919	132,454	137,149
Income tax expense (recovery)	22,975	(93)	48,789	31,768
EBITDA	209,697	133,330	427,780	334,165
Unrealized loss (gain) on commodity				
contracts	26,554	62,937	35,029	(16,797)
Net foreign currency gain on U.S. debt				
and other	(2,886)	(14,108)	(2,975)	(2,095)
Impairment expense	9,494	_	9,494	194,001
Gain on disposal of property, plant and				
equipment	(19,158)	_	(20,797)	
Adjusted EBITDA	223,701	182,159	448,531	509,274

### **CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS**

Keyera has assumed various contractual obligations in the normal course of its operations. Since December 31, 2020, Keyera has increased its total expected commitments to \$426 million (December 31, 2020 – \$236 million). These additional purchase obligations are primarily related to the construction of the KAPS pipeline and the majority of the obligations are expected to be paid during the remainder of 2021 and 2022.

### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Keyera has provided compensation to key management personnel who are comprised of its directors and executive officers. There have been no other material related party transactions or significant changes to the annual compensation amounts disclosed in the December 31, 2020 annual audited financial statements.

### **RISK FACTORS**

For a detailed discussion of the risks and trends that could affect the financial performance of Keyera and the steps that Keyera takes to mitigate these risks, see the December 31, 2020 MD&A and Keyera's Annual Information Form, which are available on SEDAR at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION AND CLIMATE CHANGE**

Keyera is subject to a range of laws, regulations and requirements imposed by various levels of government and regulatory bodies in the jurisdictions in which it operates. While these legal controls and regulations affect numerous aspects of Keyera's activities, including but not limited to, the operation of wells, pipelines and facilities, construction activities, transportation of dangerous goods, emergency response, operational safety and environmental matters, Keyera does not believe that they impact its operations in a manner materially different from other comparable businesses operating in the same jurisdictions.

The midstream industry is subject to provincial and federal environmental legislation and regulations. Among other things, the environmental regulatory regime provides for restrictions and prohibitions on releases or emissions of various substances produced in association with certain oil and natural gas industry operations. Environmental regulation affects the operation of facilities and limits the extent to which facility expansion is permitted. In addition, legislation requires that facility sites and pipelines be abandoned and reclaimed to the satisfaction of provincial authorities and local landowners. A breach of such legislation may result in the imposition of fines, the issuance of clean-up orders or the shutting down of facilities and pipelines.

Greenhouse gases, mainly carbon dioxide and methane, are components of the raw natural gas processed and handled at Keyera's facilities. Operations at Keyera's facilities, including the combustion of fossil fuels in engines, turbines, heaters and boilers, release carbon dioxide, methane and other minor greenhouse gases. As such, Keyera is subject to various greenhouse gas reporting and reduction programs. Keyera uses engineering consulting firms and internal resources to compile inventories of greenhouse gas emissions and reports these inventories in accordance with federal and provincial programs. Third party audits or verifications of inventories are conducted for facilities that are required to meet regulatory targets.

Keyera is closely monitoring the ongoing development and implementation of the regulatory framework through which the federal and provincial governments are implementing their climate change and emissions reduction policies.

Keyera's year-over-year compliance costs are increasing as a result of the changes in emissions regulation and are expected to continue to increase. Overall, the increased costs are not expected to be material to Keyera in the near term; however, Keyera is looking at opportunities to reduce its costs and enhance the management of its emissions profile. For a detailed discussion of environmental regulations that affect Keyera, political and legislative developments as they relate to climate change and the risks associated therewith, see Keyera's Annual Information Form which is available at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>.

### **SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS**

The following table presents selected financial information for Keyera:

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#### Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Keyera's Gathering and Processing and Liquids Infrastructure segments charge Keyera's Marketing segment for the use of facilities at market rates. Revenue before inter-segment eliminations reflects these transactions. Inter-segment transactions are eliminated on consolidation in order to arrive at operating revenues in accordance with GAAP.

<sup>2</sup> Realized margin is defined as operating margin excluding unrealized gains and losses on commodity-related risk management contracts. Realized margin is not a standard measure under GAAP. See the section titled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures". For a reconciliation of operating margin to realized margin as it relates to the Marketing, Gathering and Processing, and Liquids Infrastructure segments, see the section titled "Segmented Results of Operations".

<sup>3</sup> Comparative September 30, 2019 period has been restated. Refer to the "Voluntary Change in Accounting Policy" section of the audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2019 for additional information.

For the periods in the table above, Keyera's results were affected by the following factors and trends:

- incremental margin from new investments including the 16<sup>th</sup> underground storage cavern in Fort Saskatchewan, the Base Line Terminal, the Wapiti gas plant and related infrastructure, and the Pipestone gas plant and liquids hub;
- declining volumes and fees for certain gas plants in the South region of the Gathering and Processing segment that has led to asset impairments;
- growth in demand for diluent handling services in the Liquids Infrastructure segment backed by long-term, take-or-pay contracts with credit worthy counterparties;
- strong demand and market fundamentals for iso-octane in the Marketing segment prior to the second quarter of 2020:
- recovering energy markets and commodity prices in the first half of 2021; and
- a prudent and effective risk management program.

See the section of this MD&A, "Segmented Results of Operations", for more information on the financial results of Keyera's operating segments for the three months ended June 30, 2021.

### **ADOPTION OF NEW STANDARDS**

There were no new IFRS standards adopted by Keyera during the three and six months ended June 30, 2021.

### **FUTURE ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

There were no significant new accounting standards or interpretations issued during the three and six months ended June 30, 2021.

### **CONTROL ENVIRONMENT**

### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer are satisfied that, as of June 30, 2021, Keyera's disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to Keyera and its consolidated subsidiaries has been brought to their attention and that information required to be disclosed pursuant to applicable securities legislation has been recorded, processed, summarized and reported in an appropriate and timely manner.

### **Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting**

The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer are satisfied that Keyera's internal controls over financial reporting are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with GAAP.

No changes were made for the period beginning January 1, 2021 and ending June 30, 2021 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect Keyera's internal controls over financial reporting.

### **COMMON SHARES**

Due to the discontinuation of the DRIP and Premium DRIP programs, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, and subsequent to June 30, 2021, there were no common shares issued to shareholders. The total common shares outstanding at June 30, 2021 was 221,022,873.

#### NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

This discussion and analysis refers to certain financial measures that are not determined in accordance with GAAP. Measures such as funds from operations (defined as cash flow from operating activities adjusted for changes in non-cash working capital); distributable cash flow (defined as cash flow from operating activities adjusted for changes in non-cash working capital, inventory writedowns, maintenance capital expenditures and lease payments, including the periodic costs related to prepaid leases); distributable cash flow per share (defined as distributable cash flow divided by weighted average number of shares - basic); payout ratio (defined as dividends declared to shareholders divided by distributable cash flow); EBITDA (defined as earnings before finance costs, taxes, depreciation, and amortization); adjusted EBITDA (defined as EBITDA before costs associated with non-cash items, including unrealized gains/losses on commodity-related contracts, net foreign currency gains/losses on U.S. debt and other, impairment expenses and any other non-cash items such as gains/losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment); realized margin (defined as operating margin excluding unrealized gains and losses on commodity-related risk management contracts); annual return on invested capital (defined as realized margin divided by weighted average in-service growth capital including maintenance capital and shut-in facilities and excluding decommissioning assets, depreciation, impairments, and work-in-progress capital); and compound annual growth rate for distributable cash flow per share, calculated as:

are not standard measures under GAAP and, therefore, may not be comparable to similar measures reported by other entities. Management believes that these supplemental measures facilitate the understanding of Keyera's results of operations, leverage, liquidity and financial position. Funds from operations is used to assess the level of cash flow generated from operating activities excluding the effect of changes in non-cash working capital, as they are primarily the result of seasonal fluctuations in product inventories or other temporary changes. Funds from operations is also a valuable measure that allows investors to compare Keyera with other companies within the midstream oil and gas industry. Distributable cash flow is used to assess the level of cash flow generated from ongoing operations and to evaluate the adequacy of internally generated cash flow to fund dividends. EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are measures used as an indication of earnings generated from operations after consideration of administrative and overhead costs. Realized margin is used to assess the financial performance of Keyera's ongoing operations without the effect of unrealized gains and losses on commodity-related risk management contracts related to future periods. Annual return on invested capital is used to reflect the profitability of Keyera's in-service capital assets. Compound annual growth rate provides investors with the rate at which distributable cash flow per share has grown over a defined period of time. Investors are cautioned, however, that these measures should not be construed as an alternative to net earnings determined in accordance with GAAP as an indication of Keyera's performance.

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

In order to provide readers with information regarding Keyera, including its assessment of future plans and operations, its financial outlook and future prospects overall, this MD&A contains certain statements that constitute "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation (collectively, "forward-looking information"). Forward-looking information is typically identified by words such as "anticipate", "continue", "estimate", "expect", "may", "will", "project", "should", "plan", "intend", "believe", and similar words or expressions, including the negatives or variations thereof. All statements other than statements of historical fact contained in this document are forward-looking information, including, without limitation, statements regarding:

- industry, market and economic conditions and any anticipated effects on Keyera;
- Keyera's future financial position and operational performance and future financial contributions and margins from its business segments including, but not limited to, Keyera's expectation that its Marketing business will contribute realized margin between \$260 million and \$290 million in 2021, and on average, a "base realized margin" of between \$180 million and \$220 million annually;
- estimated costs and benefits associated with reductions in operating and G&A expenses and optimization of gas plants, estimated maintenance and turnaround costs and estimated decommissioning expenses;
- the expectation that demand for Keyera's liquid infrastructure service offerings will remain strong;
- future dividends and taxes;
- business strategy, anticipated growth and plans of management;
- budgets, including future growth capital, operating and other expenditures and projected costs:
- estimated utilization rates and throughputs;
- expected costs, in-service dates and schedules for capital projects (including projects under construction/development and proposed projects) and sources of funding for such projects;
- anticipated timing for future revenue streams and optimization plans;
- treatment of Keyera and its projects under existing and proposed governmental regulatory regimes;
- the operation and effectiveness of risk management programs;
- expected outcomes with respect to legal proceedings and potential insurance recoveries;
- expectations regarding Keyera's ability to maintain its competitive position, raise capital and add to its assets through acquisitions or internal growth opportunities;
- expectations as to the financial impact of Keyera's compliance with future environmental and carbon tax regulation; and
- the expected impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on Keyera and the economy generally.

All forward-looking information reflects Keyera's beliefs and assumptions based on information available at the time the applicable forward-looking information is made and in light of Keyera's current expectations with respect to such things as the outlook for general economic trends, industry trends, commodity prices, Keyera's access to the capital markets and the cost of raising capital, the integrity and reliability of Keyera's assets, and the governmental, regulatory and legal environment. Keyera's expectation as to the "base realized margin" to be contributed by its Marketing segment assumes: (i) AEF operates near capacity; (ii) butane feedstock costs are comparable to the 2018 contract year; (iii) there are no significant logistical or transportation curtailments; and (iv) producers deliver their volumes according to plan. For all construction projects, estimated completion times and costs assume that construction proceeds as planned on schedule and on budget and that, where required, all regulatory approvals and other third-party approvals or consents are received on a timely basis. In some instances, this MD&A may also contain forward-looking information attributed to third parties. Forward-looking information does not guarantee future performance. Management believes that its assumptions and expectations reflected in the forward-looking information contained herein are reasonable based on the information available on the date such information is provided and the

process used to prepare the information. However, it cannot assure readers that these expectations will prove to be correct.

All forward-looking information is subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results, events, levels of activity and achievements to differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking information. Such risks, uncertainties and other factors include, without limitation, the following:

- Keyera's ability to implement its strategic priorities and business plan and achieve the expected benefits;
- general industry, market and economic conditions;
- activities of customers, producers and other facility owners;
- operational hazards and performance;
- the effectiveness of Keyera's risk management programs;
- competition;
- changes in commodity composition and prices, inventory levels, supply/demand trends and other market conditions and factors;
- processing and marketing margins;
- climate change risks, including the effects of unusual weather and natural catastrophes;
- climate change effects and regulatory and market compliance and other costs associated with climate change;
- variables associated with capital projects, including the potential for increased costs, timing, delays, cooperation of partners, and access to capital on favourable terms;
- fluctuations in interest, tax and foreign currency exchange rates;
- counterparty performance and credit risk;
- changes in operating and capital costs;
- cost and availability of financing;
- ability to expand, update and adapt infrastructure on a timely and effective basis;
- decommissioning, abandonment and reclamation costs;
- reliance on key personnel and third parties;
- relationships with external stakeholders, including Indigenous stakeholders;
- technology, security and cybersecurity risks;
- potential litigation and disputes;
- uninsured and underinsured losses;
- ability to service debt and pay dividends;
- changes in credit ratings;
- reputational risks;
- changes in environmental and other laws and regulations;
- actions by governmental authorities; and
- global health crisis, such as pandemics and epidemics, including the COVID-19 pandemic and the unexpected impact related thereto;

and other risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond the control of Keyera, and some of which are discussed under "Risk Factors" herein and in Keyera's Annual Information Form. Further, because there is interconnectivity between many of the risks Keyera faces, it is possible that different constellations of risk could materialize which could result in unanticipated outcomes or consequences.

Proposed construction and completion schedules and budgets for capital projects described herein are subject to many variables, including weather; availability and prices of materials; labour; customer project schedules and expected in-service dates; contractor productivity; contractor disputes; quality of cost estimating; decision processes and approvals by joint venture partners; changes in project scope at the time of project sanctioning; regulatory approvals, conditions or delays; Keyera's ability to

secure adequate land rights and water supply; and macro socio-economic trends. As a result, expected timing, costs and benefits associated with these projects may differ materially from the descriptions contained herein. Further, some of the projects described are subject to securing sufficient producer/customer interest and may not proceed if sufficient commitments are not obtained.

Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list of important factors is not exhaustive and they should not unduly rely on the forward-looking information included in this MD&A. Further, readers are cautioned that the forward-looking information contained herein is made as of the date of this MD&A. Unless required by law, Keyera does not intend and does not assume any obligation to update any forward-looking information. All forward-looking information contained in this MD&A is expressly qualified by this cautionary statement. Further information about the factors affecting forward-looking information and management's assumptions and analysis thereof, is available in filings made by Keyera with Canadian provincial securities commissions available on SEDAR at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>.

# **Investor Information**

#### **DIVIDENDS TO SHAREHOLDERS**

Dividends declared to shareholders of Keyera were \$0.48 per share in the second quarter of 2021.

### **TAXABILITY OF DIVIDENDS**

Keyera's dividends are considered to be eligible dividends for the purpose of the Income Tax Act (Canada). For non-resident shareholders, Keyera's dividends are subject to Canadian withholding tax.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

A breakdown of Keyera's operational and financial results, including volumetric and operating margin information by business segment, is available on our website at <a href="https://www.keyera.com/ir/reports">www.keyera.com/ir/reports</a>.

### SECOND QUARTER 2021 RESULTS CONFERENCE CALL AND WEBCAST

Keyera will be conducting a conference call and webcast for investors, analysts, brokers and media representatives to discuss the financial results for the second quarter 2021 at 8:00 a.m. Mountain Time (10:00 a.m. Eastern Time) on Thursday, August 5, 2021. Callers may participate by dialing 888-664-6392 or 416-764-8659. A recording of the call will be available for replay until 10:00 p.m. Mountain Time (12:00 a.m. Eastern Time) on August 19, 2021 by dialing 888-390-0541 or 416-764-8677 and entering pass code 139733.

Internet users can listen to the call live on Keyera's website at <a href="https://www.keyera.com/news/events">www.keyera.com/news/events</a>. Shortly after the call, an audio archive will be posted on the website for 90 days.

### **QUESTIONS**

We welcome questions from interested parties. Calls should be directed to Keyera's Investor Relations Department at 403-205-7670, toll free at 1-888-699-4853 or via email at <u>ir@keyera.com</u>. Information about Keyera can also be found on our website at <u>www.keyera.com</u>.

## **Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position**

(Thousands of Canadian dollars) (Unaudited)

		June <u>30,</u>	December 31,
As at	Note	2021	2020
ASSETS			
Cash		84,225	2,901
Trade and other receivables		522,939	447,723
Derivative financial instruments	11	43,245	20,625
Inventory	3	207,240	162,823
Other assets		36,203	12,778
Total current assets		893,852	646,850
Derivative financial instruments	11	84,310	93,632
Property, plant and equipment	4	6,429,924	6,401,185
Right-of-use assets		238,767	264,278
Intangible assets		65,698	71,320
Goodwill		55,761	55,761
Deferred tax assets		29,204	29,560
Total assets		7,797,516	7,562,586
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Trade and other payables, and provisions		536,026	369,622
Derivative financial instruments	11	99,553	42,438
Dividends payable		35,364	35,364
Current portion of decommissioning liability		16,655	15,520
Current portion of lease liabilities		33,232	36,082
Total current liabilities		720,830	499,026
Derivative financial instruments	11	3,836	_
Credit facilities	11	5,050	280,000
Long-term debt	5	3,276,826	2,940,701
Decommissioning liability	J	269,129	282,658
Long-term lease liabilities		156,721	175,842
Other long-term liabilities	6	24,121	10,684
Deferred tax liabilities	<u> </u>	645,556	612,467
Total liabilities		5,097,019	4,801,378
		-,50.,40.3	.,,
Equity			
Share capital	7	3,150,104	3,150,104
Accumulated deficit		(427,239)	(379,477)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(22,368)	(9,419)
Total equity		2,700,497	2,761,208
Total liabilities and equity		7,797,516	7,562,586

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved by the board of directors of Keyera Corp. on August 4, 2021.

### Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Net Earnings and Comprehensive Income

(Thousands of Canadian dollars, except share information) (Unaudited)

		Three months ended June 30,				
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Revenues	15	1,033,173	529,921	2,051,156	1,590,220	
Expenses	15	(799,215)	(370,126)	(1,581,223)	(1,017,742)	
Operating margin		233,958	159,795	469,933	572,478	
General and administrative expenses		(20,442)	(33,913)	(39,897)	(56,674)	
Finance costs  Depreciation, depletion and amortization	13	(42,009)	(30,741)	(82,117)	(61,877)	
expenses		(66,118)	(84,919)	(132,454)	(137,149)	
Net foreign currency gain on U.S. debt and other	12	2,886	14,108	2,975	2,095	
Long-term incentive plan (expense) recovery	9	(20,161)	(6,660)	(25,315)	10,267	
Impairment expense	4	(9,494)	(0,000)	(9,494)	(194,001)	
Gain on disposal of property, plant, and		(3,-13-1)		(3,-13-1)	(13 1,001)	
equipment	4	19,158	_	20,797	_	
Other	16	3,792	_	8,781		
Earnings before income tax		101,570	17,670	213,209	135,139	
Income tax (expense) recovery	10	(22,975)	93	(48,789)	(31,768)	
Net earnings		78,595	17,763	164,420	103,371	
Other comprehensive (loss) income						
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(6,297)	(16,763)	(12,949)	20,907	
Comprehensive income		72,298	1,000	151,471	124,278	
Compression income		, 2,230	1,000	151,-171	12 1,270	
Earnings per share						
Basic earnings per share	8	0.36	0.08	0.74	0.47	
Diluted earnings per share	8	0.36	0.08	0.74	0.47	

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

## **Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(Thousands of Canadian dollars) (Unaudited)

		Three months ended		Six months ended		
		June 30,			e 30,	
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Cash provided by (used in):						
OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Net earnings		78,595	17,763	164,420	103,371	
Adjustments for items not affecting cash:		·		·		
Finance costs	13	5,686	6,063	11,482	11,930	
Depreciation, depletion and amortization				·		
expenses		66,118	84,919	132,454	137,149	
Unrealized loss (gain) on derivative financial						
instruments	11	31,354	78,417	47,653	(53,639)	
Unrealized (gain) loss on foreign exchange		(6,075)	(27,476)	(12,800)	31,937	
Inventory write-down	3	_	722	_	13,507	
Deferred income tax expense	10	17,071	18,391	32,722	31,566	
Impairment expense	4	9,494	_	9,494	194,001	
Gain on disposal of property, plant, and	,	(10.150)		(20.707)		
equipment	4	(19,158)	(1 ( 77 )	(20,797)	(6.100)	
Decommissioning liability expenditures	1/	(1,739)	(1,433)	(2,217)	(6,108)	
Changes in non-cash working capital	14	(69,275)	(17,719)	18,089	12,617	
Net cash provided by operating activities INVESTING ACTIVITIES		112,071	159,647	380,500	476,331	
	4	(33.165)	(1,670)	(11.165)	(1,630)	
Acquisitions Capital expenditures	4	(11,165) (102,066)	(1,630)	(11,165)		
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant, and		(102,066)	(133,295)	(153,999)	(352,117)	
equipment	4	16,177	_	16,177		
Prepaid lease asset			_	3,194		
Changes in non-cash working capital	14	15,063	(51,326)	15,203	(51,173)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(81,991)	(186,251)	(130,590)	(404,920)	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Borrowings under credit facility		_	110,000	60,000	200,000	
Repayments under credit facility		_	(180,000)	(340,000)	(290,000)	
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	5	_	400,000	350,000	400,000	
Financing costs related to credit facility/long-term						
debt	5	(63)	(2,176)	(3,160)	(2,390)	
Issuance costs		_	(250)	_	(250)	
Proceeds from issuance of shares related to DRIP	7	_	15,505	_	77,154	
Lease payments		(10,858)	(12,782)	(22,636)	(25,098)	
Dividends paid to shareholders		(106,091)	(105,912)	(212,182)	(210,806)	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing		<b>/</b> >	/	(	- /	
activities		(117,012)	224,385	(167,978)	148,610	
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on foreign						
cash held		(73)	(459)	(608)	1,266	
Net (decrease) increase in cash		(87,005)	197,322	81,324	221,287	
Cash at the beginning of the period		171,230	33,279	2,901	9,314	
Cash at the end of the period		84,225	230,601	84,225	230,601	
Income taxes paid in cash		252	865	252	64,501	
Interest paid in cash		65,650	59,906	77,093	75,258	

 $See\ accompanying\ notes\ to\ the\ unaudited\ condensed\ interim\ consolidated\ financial\ statements.$ 

# **Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity**

(Thousands of Canadian dollars) (Unaudited)

	Share Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total
	(Note 7)			
Balance at December 31, 2019	3,073,200	(18,022)	(1,327)	3,053,851
Common shares issued pursuant				
to dividend reinvestment plans	77,154	_	_	77,154
Issuance costs	(250)	_	_	(250)
Net earnings	_	103,371	_	103,371
Dividends declared to shareholders	_	(211,303)	_	(211,303)
Other comprehensive income	_		20,907	20,907
Balance at June 30, 2020	3,150,104	(125,954)	19,580	3,043,730

	Share Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total
	(Note 7)			
Balance at December 31, 2020	3,150,104	(379,477)	(9,419)	2,761,208
Net earnings	_	164,420	_	164,420
Dividends declared to shareholders	_	(212,182)	_	(212,182)
Other comprehensive loss	_	_	(12,949)	(12,949)
Balance at June 30, 2021	3,150,104	(427,239)	(22,368)	2,700,497

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

(All amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except as otherwise noted) (Unaudited)

### 1. GENERAL BUSINESS DESCRIPTION

The operating subsidiaries of Keyera Corp. include Keyera Partnership (the "Partnership"), Keyera Energy Ltd. ("KEL"), Keyera Energy Inc. ("KEI"), Keyera Rimbey Ltd. ("KRL"), Keyera RP Ltd. ("KRPL"), Rimbey Pipeline Limited Partnership ("RPLP"), Alberta Diluent Terminal Ltd. ("ADT") and Alberta EnviroFuels Inc. ("AEF"). Keyera Corp. and its subsidiaries are involved in the business of natural gas gathering and processing; transportation, storage and marketing of natural gas liquids ("NGLs") and iso-octane in Canada and the United States ("U.S."); the production of iso-octane; and liquids blending in Canada and the U.S.

Keyera Corp. and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to herein as "Keyera". The address of Keyera's registered office and principal place of business is Suite 200, The Ampersand, West Tower, 144 – 4th Avenue S.W., Calgary, AB, Canada.

Pursuant to its Articles of Amalgamation, Keyera Corp. is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares (the "Shares"). The Shares trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "KEY".

Keyera is approved to issue two classes of preferred shares (one class referred to as the "First Preferred Shares", a second class referred to as the "Second Preferred Shares"), and collectively both classes being referred to as the "Preferred Shares". Each are issuable in one or more series without par value and each with such rights, restrictions, designations and provisions as the board of directors may at any time and from time to time determine, subject to an aggregate maximum number of authorized Preferred Shares. No preferred shares had been issued as at June 30, 2021.

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are in accordance with *IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting*, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). The accounting policies applied are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and are consistent with Keyera Corp.'s consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2020.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 do not include all disclosures required for the preparation of annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with Keyera Corp.'s consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2020.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance on August 4, 2021 by the board of directors.

#### Adoption of new standards

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, Keyera did not adopt any new IFRS standards.

### Future accounting pronouncements update

There were no significant new accounting standards or interpretations issued during the three and six months ended June 30, 2021.

### 3. INVENTORY

The total carrying amount and classification of inventory was as follows:

As at	June 30,	December 31,
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020
NGLs and iso-octane	199,131	153,915
Other	8,109	8,908
Total inventory	207,240	162,823

For the period ended June 30, 2021, \$207,240 of inventory was carried at cost (December 31, 2020 – \$162,823). For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, no write-downs of inventory were required to adjust the carrying amount of inventory to net realizable value (three and six months ended June 30, 2020 – \$722 and \$13,507). The cost of inventory expensed for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$650,222 and \$1,277,026 (three and six months ended June 30, 2020 – \$241,137 and \$747,275).

### 4. PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT

### Acquisition and disposal of property, plant and equipment

During the second quarter of 2021, Keyera disposed of its 50 percent ownership interest in the Bonnie Glen Pipeline for cash proceeds of \$16,177, resulting in a gain on disposal of \$19,158. At the same time, Keyera also completed the acquisition of the remaining 50 percent ownership interest in the Alberta Crude Terminal ("ACT") for cash consideration of \$11,165. This transaction was accounted for as an asset acquisition and included the assumption of a nominal associated decommissioning liability.

In connection with the acquisition, Keyera recorded an impairment expense of \$9,494 related to its original working interest in the ACT facility to reduce the carrying value to its recoverable amount, which was determined using fair value less costs of disposal. This impairment expense was recorded in the Liquids Infrastructure – Canada Cash-Generating Unit ("CGU").

During the first quarter of 2021, a gain of \$1,639 was recorded on the disposition of Keyera's ownership interest in the Cynthia production wells.

### Prior year impairment expense

In the first quarter of 2020, Keyera identified through its impairment review that certain assets had carrying values that were greater than their recoverable amounts.

The following impairment expenses with a combined value of \$194,001 were recognized in the Gathering and Processing segment during the six months ended June 30, 2020:

(Thousands of Canadian dollars, except rate information)	Applicable discount rate	Impairment expense recognized
Central Foothills Cash-Generating Unit		
Ricinus gas plant	13.0%	73,222
West Pembina gas plant	13.0%	52,634
Nordegg River gas plant	13.0%	42,167
Drayton Valley North Cash-Generating Unit		
Brazeau North and Pembina North gathering		
and processing complex	13.0%	25,978
Total impairment expense		194,001

The impairment expense recorded for the Central Foothills CGU was the result of the planned suspension of the West Pembina, Ricinus and Nordegg River gas plants as part of the gathering and processing optimization strategy. The impairment expense recorded for the Drayton Valley North CGU was a result of the low utilization at the Brazeau and Pembina North gathering and processing complex, including lower producer activity in the capture areas for this complex.

### 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

On March 10, 2021, Keyera issued \$350,000 of fixed-to-fixed rate subordinated notes due March 10, 2081 in the Canadian public debt market. The interest rate of 5.95% is payable in equal semi-annual payments for the period from March 10, 2021 to, but not including, March 10, 2031, with the first interest payment date on September 10, 2021. Commencing on March 10, 2031 until maturity, on each interest reset date (March 10, 2031 and every five years thereafter whereby any of the notes are outstanding), the interest rate will reset to a fixed rate per annum as follows:

#### Interest Reset Periods Interest Rate

March 10, 2031 to, but not including, March 10, 2051 5-Year Government of Canada Yield plus 4.655% March 10, 2051 to, but not including, March 10, 2081 5-Year Government of Canada Yield plus 5.405%

On or after December 10, 2030, the notes are subject to optional redemption by Keyera without the consent of the holders, whereby Keyera may redeem the notes in whole at any time, or in part from time to time, and dependent upon certain conditions. The notes are also subject to an automatic conversion feature under certain bankruptcy or insolvency events. Upon an automatic conversion event, the notes will automatically be converted, without the consent of the note holders, into a newly issued series of Preferred Shares (2021-A Conversion Preference Shares), that will carry the right to receive cumulative preferential cash dividends at the same rate as the interest rate that would have accrued on the notes. The fair value of the automatic conversion feature was deemed to be nominal at inception.

The associated financing costs of approximately \$3,160 have been deferred and are amortized using the effective interest method over the remaining term of the debt.

On May 29, 2020, Keyera closed a public note offering of 10-year unsecured medium-term notes to investors in Canada. The \$400,000 senior unsecured notes bear interest at 3.959% per annum, paid semi-annually, and mature on May 29, 2030.

### 6. OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

As at	June 30,	December 31,
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020
Long-term incentive plan	22,368	6,951
Other	1,753	3,733
Total other long-term liabilities	24,121	10,684

### 7. SHARE CAPITAL

		(Thousands of Canadian dollars)
	Number of	
	Common Shares	Share Capital
Balance at December 31, 2020	221,022,873	3,150,104
Balance at June 30, 2021	221,022,873	3,150,104

In April 2020, Keyera discontinued the regular and premium components of the Dividend Reinvestment Plan ("DRIP"), effective with the May 2020 dividend payout. As a result, shareholders who were participating in either component of the DRIP received the full cash dividend declared beginning with the dividend paid in May 2020.

#### 8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share was calculated by dividing net earnings by the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the related period.

(Thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share	Three mon June			hs ended e 30,
(mousarius of Caridalari dollars, except per share amounts)	<b>2021</b> 2020		2021	2020
Basic and diluted earnings per share	0.36	0.08	0.74	0.47
Net earnings – basic and diluted	78,595	17,763	164,420	103,371

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,	
(Thousands)	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Weighted average number of shares – basic					
and diluted	221,023	220,851	221,023	219,855	

### 9. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION AND PENSION PLANS

### **Long-Term Incentive Plan**

Keyera has a Long-Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP") which compensates officers and key employees by delivering shares of Keyera or paying cash in lieu of shares. Participants in the LTIP are granted rights ("share awards") to receive shares of Keyera on specified dates in the future. Grants of share awards are authorized by the board of directors. Shares delivered to employees are acquired in the marketplace and not issued from treasury. The acquired shares are placed in a trust account established for the benefit of the participants until the share awards vest.

The LTIP consists of two types of share awards, the Performance Award and the Time Vested ("Restricted") Award.

The LTIP is accounted for using the liability method and is measured at fair value at each statement of financial position date until the award is settled. The fair value of the liability is measured by applying a fair value pricing model whereby one of the valuation inputs was the June 30, 2021 share price of Keyera, which was \$33.31 per share (December 31, 2020 – \$22.62 per share).

The compensation cost recorded for the LTIP was as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,	
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Performance Awards	18,226	6,524	22,222	(9,167)	
Restricted Awards	1,935	136	3,093	(1,100)	
Total long-term incentive plan expense					
(recovery)	20,161	6,660	25,315	(10,267)	

### **Employee Stock Purchase Plan**

Keyera maintains an employee stock purchase plan ("ESPP") whereby eligible employees can purchase common shares of Keyera. Keyera will contribute an amount equal to 5% of the employee's contribution. To participate in the ESPP, eligible employees select an amount to be deducted from their semi-monthly remuneration. Employees may elect to withhold up to 25% of their base compensation for the stock purchases. The shares of Keyera are acquired on the Toronto Stock Exchange on a semi-monthly basis consistent with the timing of the semi-monthly remuneration. The cost of the shares purchased to match the employee's contribution is expensed as incurred and recorded in general and administrative expenses.

### **Defined Contribution Pension Plan**

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, Keyera made pension contributions of \$2,382 and \$4,737 (three and six months ended June 30, 2020 – \$2,622 and \$5,286) on behalf of its employees. The contributions were recorded in general and administrative expenses.

### **Deferred Share Unit Plan**

Effective January 1, 2016, Keyera implemented a deferred share unit ("DSU") plan, for non-employee directors. Each DSU vests on the date the grant is awarded but cannot be redeemed until a director ceases to be a member of the board of directors. The grant value is determined based on a 20 day weighted average trading share price. DSUs are settled in cash (on an after-tax basis) based on the 20 day weighted average Keyera share price up to the date of termination. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, Keyera recorded an expense

of \$1,619 and \$2,470 (three and six months ended June 30, 2020 – expense of \$948 and recovery of \$428) in general and administrative expenses related to the DSU plan.

The following table reconciles the number of DSUs outstanding:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2021	2020
Balance at beginning of period	155,602	97,573
Granted	24,895	58,029
Balance at end of period	180,497	155,602

#### 10. INCOME TAXES

The components of the income tax expense (recovery) were as follows:

		Three months ended June 30,		hs ended e 30,
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Current	5,904	(18,484)	16,067	202
Deferred	17,071	18,391	32,722	31,566
Total income tax expense (recovery)	22,975	(93)	48,789	31,768

#### 11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial instruments include cash, trade and other receivables, derivative financial instruments, trade and other payables, dividends payable, current and long-term lease liabilities, credit facilities, current and long-term debt, and certain other long-term liabilities. Derivative financial instruments include foreign exchange contracts, cross-currency swaps, NGLs, crude oil, motor gasoline and natural gas price contracts, electricity price contracts and physical fixed price commodity contracts. Derivative instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss in the consolidated statements of net earnings and comprehensive income. All other financial instruments are measured at amortized cost.

### **Financial Instruments**

### Fair value

Fair value represents Keyera's estimate of the price at which a financial instrument could be exchanged between knowledgeable and willing parties in an orderly arm's length transaction motivated by normal business considerations.

Fair value measurement of assets and liabilities recognized on the consolidated statements of financial position are categorized into levels within a fair value hierarchy based on the nature of valuation inputs.

The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

All of Keyera's derivative instruments are classified as Level 2 as their fair value is derived by using observable inputs, including commodity price curves, foreign currency curves and credit spreads. For fixed price forward contracts, fair value is derived from observable NGL market prices.

### Financial instruments with fair value equal to carrying value

The carrying values of cash, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables and dividends payable approximate their fair values because the instruments are either near maturity, have 5 to 30 days payment terms or have no fixed repayment terms. The carrying value of the credit facilities approximates fair value due to their floating rates of interest.

#### Fair value of senior fixed rate debt

The fair value of long-term debt is based on third-party estimates for similar issues or current rates offered to Keyera for debt of the same maturity. The total fair value of Keyera's unsecured senior notes, medium-term notes, and subordinated hybrid notes at June 30, 2021 was \$3,497,500 (December 31, 2020 – \$3,151,100) and this was determined by reference to inputs other than quoted market prices in active markets for identical liabilities under Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The fair values and carrying values of the derivative instruments are listed below and represent an estimate of the amount that Keyera would receive (pay) if these instruments were settled at the end of the period.

				(Thousands of Canadian dollars)		
		Weighted	Fair Value	(modsands	or carradian	r dollars)
	Notional		Hierarchy	Net Fair	Carryir	ng Value
As at June 30, 2021	Volume <sup>1</sup>	Price	Level	Value	Asset	Liability
Marketing (NGLs and Iso-octane) Financial contracts:						
Seller of fixed price WTl <sup>2</sup> swaps (maturing by December 31, 2022)	3,819,147 Bbls	75.35/Bbl	Level 2	(52,422)	12	(52,434)
Buyer of fixed price WTI <sup>2</sup> swaps (maturing by March 31, 2022)	413,950 Bbls	55.56/Bbl	Level 2	13,557	13,557	_
Seller of fixed price NGL swaps (maturing by December 31, 2022) Buyer of fixed price NGL swaps	2,774,750 Bbls	52.94/Bbl	Level 2	(32,365)	_	(32,365)
(maturing by December 31, 2022) Seller of fixed price RBOB <sup>3</sup> basis spreads	1,485,500 Bbls	41.16/Bbl	Level 2	24,739	24,739	_
(iso-octane) (maturing by December 31, 2022)	3,265,000 Bbls	19.10/Bbl	Level 2	(11,718)	1,496	(13,214)
Physical contracts: Seller of fixed price NGL forward contracts (maturing by July 31, 2021)	80,000 Bbls	48.92/Bbl	Level 2	(566)	_	(566)
Buyer of fixed price NGL forward contracts (maturing by July 31, 2021)	10,000 Bbls	60.43/Bbl	Level 2	14	14	_
Currency: Seller of forward contracts (maturing by December 31, 2021)	US\$177,500,000	1.24/USD	Level 2	(278)	2,602	(2,880)
Buyer of forward contracts (maturing by October 31, 2021)	US\$2,500,000	1.25/USD	Level 2	(35)	_	(35)
Other foreign exchange contracts <sup>4</sup>			Level 2	1,841	1,841	_
Liquids Infrastructure Electricity: Buyer of fixed price swaps (maturing by December 31, 2021)	11,040 MWhs	55.75/MWh	Level 2	342	342	_
Gathering and Processing	.,,					
Electricity: Buyer of fixed price swaps (maturing by December 31, 2022)	66,060 MWhs	57.07/MWh	Level 2	1,554	1,637	(83)
Natural gas: Seller of fixed price swaps (maturing by December 31, 2021)	75,600 Bbls	33.28/Bbl	Level 2	(1,812)	_	(1,812)
Buyer of fixed price swaps (maturing by December 31, 2021)	300,000 Gjs	2.56/Gj	Level 2	309	309	_
Corporate and Other Long-term Debt: Buyer of cross-currency swaps	,000 0,0	·	_3.5.2	333		
(maturing June 19, 2024 – November 20, 2028)	US\$403,145,850	0.98/USD - 1.22/USD	Level 2	81,006	81,006	
				24,166	127,555	(103,389)

#### Notes

- 1 All notional amounts represent actual volumes or actual prices and are not expressed in thousands.
- 2 West Texas Intermediate ("WTI") crude oil.
- 3 Reformulated Blendstock for Oxygen Blending ("RBOB").
- 4 Keyera has entered into other foreign exchange contracts to protect against fluctuations in the U.S. dollar to Canadian dollar exchange rate.

				(Thousands of Canadian do		n dollars)
			Fair Value			
	Notional	Average	Hierarchy	Net Fair	<u>Carryir</u>	<u>ng Value</u>
As at December 31, 2020	Volume <sup>1</sup>	Price	Level	Value	Asset	Liability
Marketing (NGLs and Iso-octane)						
Financial contracts:						
Seller of fixed price WTI <sup>2</sup> swaps						
(maturing by December 31, 2021)	3,715,994 Bbls	56.70/Bbl	Level 2	(17,971)	1,377	(19,348)
Buyer of fixed price WTI <sup>2</sup> swaps						
(maturing by December 31, 2021)	405,400 Bbls	51.72/Bbl	Level 2	3,921	3,921	_
Seller of fixed price NGL swaps						
(maturing by December 31, 2021)	2,034,000 Bbls	33.88/Bbl	Level 2	(13,229)	_	(13,229)
Buyer of fixed price NGL swaps						
(maturing by December 31, 2021)	689,750 Bbls	32.23/Bbl	Level 2	5,126	5,126	_
Seller of fixed price RBOB <sup>3</sup> basis spreads						
(iso-octane)				()		(- ()
(maturing by December 31, 2021)	2,490,000 Bbls	13.34/Bbl	Level 2	(8,263)	176	(8,439)
Dhysical contracts						
Physical contracts: Seller of fixed price NGL forward contracts						
•	16E 000 Phla	30.29/Bbl	Level 2	(1 721)		(1.701)
(maturing by January 31, 2021) Buyer of fixed price NGL forward contracts	165,000 Bbls	30.29/601	Level 2	(1,321)		(1,321)
(maturing by January 31, 2021)	50,000 Bbls	31.12/Bbl	Level 2	524	524	
(maturing by January 31, 2021)	30,000 Bbis	31.12/001	Lever 2	324	324	_
Currency:						
Seller of forward contracts						
(maturing by December 31, 2021)	US\$199,500,000	1.31/USD	Level 2	7,526	7,622	(96)
Buyer of forward contracts	004.55,000,000	, 552	2010.2	,,020	,,522	(5.5)
(maturing by January 31, 2021)	US\$2,500,000	1.27/USD	Level 2	11	11	_
(	+-,,					
Other foreign exchange contracts <sup>4</sup>			Level 2	855	855	_
Liquids Infrastructure						
Electricity:						
Buyer of fixed price swaps						
(maturing by December 31, 2021)	65,700 MWhs	52.58/MWh	Level 2	621	626	(5)
, ,	,	•				( )
Corporate and Other						
Electricity:						
Buyer of fixed price swaps						
(maturing by December 31, 2021)	43,800 MWhs	53.15/MWh	Level 2	389	389	_
Long-term Debt:						
Buyer of cross-currency swaps						
(maturing June 19, 2024 –		0.98/USD				
November 20, 2028)	US\$410,761,200	- 1.22/USD	Level 2	93,630	93,630	_
		*		*		
				71,819	114,257	(42,438)

## Notes:

- All notional amounts represent actual volumes or actual prices and are not expressed in thousands.

- West Texas Intermediate ("WTI") crude oil.
  Reformulated Blendstock for Oxygen Blending ("RBOB").
  Keyera has entered into other foreign exchange contracts to protect against fluctuations in the U.S. dollar to Canadian dollar exchange 2 3 4 rate.

Derivative instruments are recorded on the consolidated statements of financial position at fair value. Changes in the fair value of these financial instruments are recognized through profit or loss in the consolidated statements of net earnings and comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Unrealized gains (losses), representing the change in fair value of derivative contracts, are recorded in the following consolidated statements of net earnings and comprehensive income line items and the related reportable operating segments:

Derivative Contracts Related To	Reportable Operating Segments	Consolidated Net Earnings and Comprehensive Income Line Item
Natural gas, crude oil and	Marketing	Revenues
NGLs, and iso-octane	Gathering and Processing	Revenues
Electricity	Liquids Infrastructure Gathering and Processing Corporate and Other	Expenses Expenses Expenses
Cross-currency swaps	Corporate and Other	Net foreign currency gain (loss) on U.S. debt and other

	Three months ended June 30,			hs ended e 30,
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Risk management contracts:				
Marketing	(26,607)	(63,287)	(34,412)	17,712
Liquids infrastructure	147	360	(279)	(600)
Gathering and processing	(94)		(338)	
Corporate and other	_	(10)	_	(315)
Change in fair value of the cross-currency swaps				
on U.S. debt <sup>1</sup>	(4,800)	(15,480)	(12,624)	36,842
Total unrealized (loss) gain	(31,354)	(78,417)	(47,653)	53,639

#### Note:

#### **Risk Management**

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial asset or a financial liability will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk is comprised of commodity price risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk, as well as credit and liquidity risks.

### Commodity price risk

Subsidiaries of Keyera enter into contracts to purchase and sell primarily NGLs and iso-octane, as well as natural gas and crude oil. These contracts are exposed to commodity price risk between the time when contracted volumes are purchased and sold, and foreign currency risk for those sales denominated in U.S. dollars. These risks are actively managed by utilizing physical and financial contracts which include commodity-related forward contracts, price swaps and forward currency contracts. A risk management committee meets regularly to review and assess the risks inherent in existing contracts and the effectiveness of the risk management strategies. This is achieved by modeling future sales and purchase contracts to monitor the sensitivity of changing prices and volumes.

Includes principal and interest portion.

Significant amounts of electricity and natural gas are consumed by certain facilities. In order to mitigate the exposure to fluctuations in the prices of electricity and natural gas, price swap agreements may be used. These agreements are accounted for as derivative instruments.

Certain NGL contracts that require physical delivery at fixed prices are accounted for as derivative instruments.

### Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk arises on financial instruments that are denominated in a foreign currency. Keyera's foreign currency risk largely arises from the Marketing segment where a significant portion of sales and purchases are denominated in U.S. dollars. Foreign currency risk is actively managed by using forward currency contracts and cross-currency swaps. Management monitors the exposure to foreign currency risk and regularly reviews its financial instrument activities and all outstanding positions.

The Gathering and Processing and Liquids Infrastructure segments have very little foreign currency risk as sales and purchases are primarily denominated in Canadian dollars.

Keyera is also exposed to foreign currency risk related to its U.S. dollar denominated long-term debt and U.S. dollar denominated LIBOR loans when drawn under Keyera's bank credit facility. To manage this currency exposure, Keyera has entered into long-term cross-currency swap contracts relating to the principal portion and future interest payments of the U.S. dollar denominated debt as well as short-term cross-currency swaps relating to the LIBOR loans drawn under the credit facility. These cross-currency contracts are accounted for as derivative instruments. Refer to note 12 for a summary of the foreign currency gains (losses) associated with the U.S. dollar denominated long-term debt.

### Interest rate risk

The majority of Keyera's interest rate risk is attributed to its fixed and floating rate debt, which is used to finance capital investments and operations. Keyera's remaining financial instruments are not significantly exposed to interest rate risk. The floating rate debt creates exposure to interest rate cash flow risk, whereas the fixed rate debt creates exposure to interest rate price risk. As at June 30, 2021, fixed rate borrowings comprised 100% of total debt outstanding (December 31, 2020 – 91%). The fair value of future cash flows for fixed rate debt fluctuates with changes in market interest rates. It is Keyera's intention to not repay fixed rate debt until maturity and therefore future cash flows would not fluctuate.

#### Credit risk

The majority of trade and other receivables are due from entities in the oil and gas industry and are subject to normal industry credit risks. Concentration of credit risk is mitigated by having a broad domestic and international customer base. Keyera evaluates and monitors the financial strength of its customers in accordance with its credit policy. Keyera does not typically renegotiate the terms of trade receivables. There were no significant renegotiated balances outstanding at June 30, 2021.

With respect to counterparties for derivative financial instruments, the credit risk is managed through dealing primarily with recognized futures exchanges or investment grade financial institutions and by maintaining credit policies which significantly reduce overall counterparty credit risk. In addition, Keyera incorporates the credit risk associated with counterparty default, as well as Keyera's own credit risk, into the estimates of fair value.

The allowance for credit losses is reviewed on a monthly basis. An assessment is made whether an account is deemed impaired based on expected credit losses, which includes the number

of days outstanding and the likelihood of collection from the counterparty. As at June 30, 2021, the total allowance was \$4,241 (December 31, 2020 – \$4,241). The carrying amount of financial assets on the consolidated statements of financial position approximates Keyera's maximum exposure to credit risk.

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that suitable sources of funding for Keyera's business activities may not be available. Keyera manages liquidity risk by maintaining bank credit facilities, continuously managing forecasted and actual cash flows, and monitoring the maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities. Keyera has access to a wide range of funding at competitive rates through capital markets and banks to meet the immediate and ongoing requirements of the business.

### **Risk Management Sensitivities**

The following table summarizes the sensitivity of the fair value of Keyera's risk management positions to fluctuations in commodity price, interest rate, and foreign currency rate. Fluctuations in commodity prices, foreign currency rates and interest rates could have resulted in unrealized gains (losses) affecting income before tax as follows:

	bef	Impact on income before tax June 30, 2021		on income ore tax 30, 2020
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	Increase	(Decrease)	Increase	(Decrease)
Commodity price changes				
+ 10% in electricity price	628	_	672	
- 10% in electricity price	_	(628)		(672)
+ 10% in NGL, crude oil and iso-octane				
prices	_	(47,821)	_	(19,298)
- 10% in NGL, crude oil and iso-octane	/= aai		10.000	
prices	47,821	_	19,298	_
Foreign currency rate changes + \$0.01 in U.S./Canadian dollar exchange				
rate	_	(1,814)		(6,808)
- \$0.01 in U.S./Canadian dollar exchange				
rate	1,814	_	6,808	_
Interest rate changes				
+ 1% in interest rate	_	_	_	_
- 1% in interest rate	_	_		

## 12. NET FOREIGN CURRENCY GAIN (LOSS) ON U.S. DEBT AND OTHER

The components of net foreign currency gain (loss) were as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Foreign currency gain (loss) resulting from:				
Translation of long-term debt and interest				
payable	5,774	22,150	11,934	(28,658)
Change in fair value of the cross-currency				
swaps – principal and interest	(4,799)	(15,480)	(12,623)	36,842
Gain from cross-currency swaps – interest <sup>1</sup>	385	1,635	385	1,989
Foreign exchange re-measurement of lease				
liabilities and other	1,526	5,803	3,279	(8,078)
Total net foreign currency gain on U.S. debt				
and other	2,886	14,108	2,975	2,095

Note:

### 13. FINANCE COSTS

The components of finance costs were as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,			hs ended e 30.
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Interest on bank indebtedness and credit				
facilities	1,118	1,547	3,294	3,359
Interest on long-term debt	40,225	34,911	76,680	68,279
Interest capitalized	(4,912)	(11,642)	(9,266)	(21,620)
Interest on leases	2,017	2,624	4,163	5,151
Other interest income	(108)	(138)	(73)	(71)
Total interest expense on leases, and current				
and long-term debt	38,340	27,302	74,798	55,098
Unwinding of discount on decommissioning				
liabilities	3,068	2,791	6,128	5,478
Unwinding of discount on long-term debt	484	482	956	964
Other	117	166	235	337
Non-cash expenses in finance costs	3,669	3,439	7,319	6,779
Total finance costs	42,009	30,741	82,117	61,877

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, 4,912 and 9,266 of borrowing (interest) costs were capitalized (three and six months ended June 30, 2020 – 11,642 and 21,620) at a weighted average capitalization rate of 5.0% on funds borrowed (three and six months ended June 30,2020 - 5.0%).

<sup>1</sup> Foreign currency gains resulted from the exchange of currencies related to the settlement of interest payments on the long-term cross-currency swaps.

### 14. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Details of changes in non-cash working capital from operating activities were as follows:

		Three months ended June 30,		hs ended e 30,
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Inventory	(49,235)	(46,673)	(46,130)	(19,251)
Trade and other receivables	(49,717)	37,987	(76,680)	162,486
Other assets	(26,042)	(19,265)	(23,169)	(16,493)
Trade and other payables, and provisions	55,719	10,232	164,068	(114,125)
Changes in non-cash working capital from				_
operating activities	(69,275)	(17,719)	18,089	12,617

Details of changes in non-cash working capital from investing activities were as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Trade and other payables, and provisions	15,063	(51,326)	15,203	(51,173)
Changes in non-cash working capital from				_
investing activities	15,063	(51,326)	15,203	(51,173)

#### 15. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Keyera has the following four reportable operating segments based on the nature of its business activities:

#### **Gathering and Processing**

The Gathering and Processing segment includes raw gas gathering systems and processing plants located in the natural gas production areas primarily on the western side of the Western Canada Sedimentary Basin. The operations primarily involve providing natural gas gathering and processing, including liquids extraction and condensate stabilization services to customers. This segment also includes sales of ethane volumes extracted from the Rimbey facility and sold to a third-party customer under a long-term commercial arrangement.

### **Liquids Infrastructure**

The Liquids Infrastructure segment provides fractionation, storage, transportation and terminalling services for NGLs and crude oil. As well, it provides processing services to Keyera's Marketing business related to NGLs, iso-octane and liquids blending. These services are provided to customers through an extensive network of facilities that include underground NGL storage caverns, NGL fractionation and de-ethanization facilities, NGL pipelines, rail and truck terminals, the AEF facility, a 50% interest in the Base Line Terminal, and the Oklahoma Liquids Terminal.

### Marketing

The Marketing segment is primarily involved in the marketing of NGLs, such as propane, butane, and condensate; and iso-octane to customers in Canada and the United States, as well as liquids blending.

### **Corporate and Other**

The Corporate and Other segment includes corporate functions and the production of natural gas, NGLs and crude oil. During the first quarter of 2021, Keyera disposed of its ownership interest in the Cynthia production wells. The majority of the remaining production wells are either inactive or were shut-in prior to the date of disposition. As a result, Keyera's residual ownership interest in the production wells is insignificant.

Inter-segment and intra-segment sales and expenses are recorded at current market prices at the date of the transaction. These transactions are eliminated on consolidation in order to arrive at net earnings in accordance with IFRS.

The following table shows the operating margin from each of Keyera's operating segments and includes inter-segment transactions. Operating margin is a key measure used by management to monitor profitability by segment.

Three months ended June 30, 2021	Gathering &	Liquids		Corporate	Inter- segment	
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	Processing	Infrastructure	Marketing	and Other	Eliminations	Total
Segmented revenue	146,910	138,194	833,485	34	(85,450)	1,033,173
Segmented expenses	(61,073)	(42,182)	(781,058)	(352)	85,450	(799,215)
Operating margin (loss)	85,837	96,012	52,427	(318)	_	233,958
General and administrative expenses	_	_	_	(20,442)	_	(20,442)
Finance costs	_	_	_	(42,009)	_	(42,009)
Depreciation, depletion and amortization expenses	_	_	_	(66,118)	_	(66,118)
Net foreign currency gain on U.S. debt and other	_	_	_	2,886	_	2,886
Long-term incentive plan expense	_	_	_	(20,161)	_	(20,161)
Impairment expense	_	(9,494)	_	_	_	(9,494)
Gain on disposal of property, plant, and equipment	_	19,158	_	_	_	19,158
Other				3,792	_	3,792
Earnings (loss) before income tax	85,837	105,676	52,427	(142,370)	_	101,570
Income tax expense			_	(22,975)	_	(22,975)
Net earnings (loss)	85,837	105,676	52,427	(165,345)	_	78,595

					Inter-	
Three months ended June 30, 2020	Gathering &	Liquids		Corporate	segment	
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	Processing	Infrastructure	Marketing	and Other	Eliminations	Total
Segmented revenue	124,871	135,884	343,868	1,625	(76,327)	529,921
Segmented expenses	(55,460)	(36,291)	(352,971)	(1,731)	76,327	(370,126)
Operating margin (loss)	69,411	99,593	(9,103)	(106)		159,795
General and administrative expenses	_	_	_	(33,913)	_	(33,913)
Finance costs	_	_	_	(30,741)	_	(30,741)
Depreciation, depletion and amortization expenses	_	_	_	(84,919)	_	(84,919)
Net foreign currency gain on U.S. debt and other	_	_	_	14,108	_	14,108
Long-term incentive plan expense	_	_	_	(6,660)	_	(6,660)
Earnings (loss) before income tax	69,411	99,593	(9,103)	(142,231)	_	17,670
Income tax recovery	_	_	_	93	_	93
Net earnings (loss)	69,411	99,593	(9,103)	(142,138)	_	17,763
·	•	•	•			

Six months ended June 31, 2021 (Thousands of Canadian dollars)	Gathering & Processing	Liquids Infrastructure	Marketing	Corporate and Other	Inter- segment Eliminations	Total
Segmented revenue	290,554	285,931	1,655,102	(363)	(180,068)	2,051,156
Segmented expenses	(125,734)	(85,534)	(1,549,445)	(578)	180,068	(1,581,223)
Operating margin (loss)	164,820	200,397	105,657	(941)	_	469,933
General and administrative expenses	_	_	_	(39,897)	_	(39,897)
Finance costs	_	_	_	(82,117)	_	(82,117)
Depreciation, depletion and amortization expenses	_	_	_	(132,454)	_	(132,454)
Net foreign currency gain on U.S. debt and other	_	_	_	2,975	_	2,975
Long-term incentive plan expense	_	_	_	(25,315)	_	(25,315)
Impairment expense	_	(9,494)	_	_	_	(9,494)
Gain on disposal of property, plant, and equipment	d —	19,158	_	1,639	_	20,797
Other		_		8,781	_	8,781
Earnings (loss) before income tax Income tax expense	164,820 —	210,061 —	105,657 —	(267,329) (48,789)	_	213,209 (48,789)
Net earnings (loss)	164,820	210,061	105,657	(316,118)	_	164,420

Six months ended June 30, 2020 (Thousands of Canadian dollars)	Gathering & Processing	Liquids Infrastructure	Marketing	Corporate and Other	Inter- segment Eliminations	Total
Segmented revenue	253,630	280,671	1,217,031	5,111	(166,223)	1,590,220
Segmented expenses	(119,748)	(78,956)	(980,111)	(5,150)	166,223	(1,017,742)
Operating margin (loss)	133,882	201,715	236,920	(39)	_	572,478
General and administrative expenses Finance costs Depreciation, depletion and	_	_ _	_	(56,674) (61,877)	_ _	(56,674) (61,877)
amortization expenses	_	_	_	(137,149)	-	(137,149)
Net foreign currency gain on U.S. debt and other	_	_	_	2,095	_	2,095
Long-term incentive plan recovery	_	_	_	10,267	_	10,267
Impairment expense	(194,001)				_	(194,001)
Earnings (loss) before income tax Income tax expense	(60,119) —	201,715 —	236,920 —	(243,377) (31,768)	_	135,139 (31,768)
Net earnings (loss)	(60,119)	201,715	236,920	(275,145)	_	103,371

### **DISAGGREGATION OF REVENUE**

The following table shows revenue disaggregated by the major service lines offered by Keyera in its four reportable operating segments:

Three months ended June 30, 2021 (Thousands of Canadian dollars)	Gathering & Processing	Liquids Infrastructure	Marketing	Corporate and Other	Total
Gas handling and processing services <sup>1</sup>	124,635	28,505	_	_	153,140
Fractionation and storage services	2,831	55,704	_		58,535
Transportation and terminalling services	_	53,985	_	_	53,985
Marketing of NGLs and iso-octane	_	_	833,485	_	833,485
Other <sup>2</sup>	19,444	_	· —	34	19,478
Revenue before inter-segment eliminations	146,910	138,194	833,485	34	1,118,623
Inter-segment revenue eliminations	(5,016)	(75,502)	(4,908)	(24)	(85,450)
Revenue from external customers	141,894	62,692	828,577	10	1,033,173

Three months ended June 30, 2020 (Thousands of Canadian dollars)	Gathering & Processing	Liquids Infrastructure	Marketing	Corporate and Other	Total
Gas handling and processing services <sup>1</sup>	108,771	23,608	_	_	132,379
Fractionation and storage services Transportation and terminalling	2,847	59,960	_	_	62,807
services	_	51,990	_	_	51,990
Marketing of NGLs and iso-octane		_	343,868		343,868
Other <sup>2</sup>	13,253	326	_	1,625	15,204
Revenue before inter-segment eliminations	124,871	135,884	343,868	1,625	606,248
Inter-segment revenue eliminations	(3,964)	(67,139)	(3,293)	(1,931)	(76,327)
Revenue from external customers	120,907	68,745	340,575	(306)	529,921

### Notes:

Processing services revenue recognized in Keyera's Liquids Infrastructure segment represents the processing fees charged to Keyera's Marketing segment for the production of iso-octane at the Keyera AEF facility.

<sup>2</sup> Other revenue in Keyera's Gathering and Processing segment includes sales of ethane volumes extracted from the Rimbey facility and sold to a third-party customer, and other miscellaneous revenue. Other revenue recognized in Keyera's Corporate and Other segment relates to the production of oil and gas reserves.

Six months ended June 30, 2021 (Thousands of Canadian dollars)	Gathering & Processing	Liquids Infrastructure	Marketing	Corporate and Other	Total
Gas handling and processing services <sup>1</sup>	244,409	56,642	_	_	301,051
Fractionation and storage services Transportation and terminalling	5,544	117,758		_	123,302
services	_	111,531	_	_	111,531
Marketing of NGLs and iso-octane	_	_	1,655,102	_	1,655,102
Other <sup>2</sup>	40,601	_	_	(363)	40,238
Revenue before inter-segment eliminations	290,554	285,931	1,655,102	(363)	2,231,224
eminiations	230,334	203,331	1,033,102	(303)	2,231,224
Inter-segment revenue eliminations	(10,186)	(159,808)	(10,049)	(25)	(180,068)
Revenue from external customers	280,368	126,123	1,645,053	(388)	2,051,156

Six months ended June 30, 2020	Gathering &	Liquids		Corporate	
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	Processing	Infrastructure	Marketing	and Other	Total
Gas handling and processing services <sup>1</sup>	216,555	49,594	_	_	266,149
Fractionation and storage services	6,264	118,384	_		124,648
Transportation and terminalling					
services	_	112,037	_		112,037
Marketing of NGLs and iso-octane	_	_	1,217,031	_	1,217,031
Other <sup>2</sup>	30,811	656	_	5,111	36,578
Revenue before inter-segment					_
eliminations	253,630	280,671	1,217,031	5,111	1,756,443
Inter-segment revenue eliminations	(10,065)	(142,586)	(8,060)	(5,512)	(166,223)
Revenue from external customers	243,565	138,085	1,208,971	(401)	1,590,220
Netec					

Notes:

Processing services revenue recognized in Keyera's Liquids Infrastructure segment represents the processing fees charged to Keyera's Marketing segment for the production of iso-octane at the Keyera AEF facility.

Other revenue in Keyera's Gathering and Processing segment includes sales of ethane volumes extracted from the Rimbey facility and sold

Other revenue in Keyera's Gathering and Processing segment includes sales of ethane volumes extracted from the Rimbey facility and sold to a third-party customer, and other miscellaneous revenue. Other revenue recognized in Keyera's Corporate and Other segment relates to the production of oil and gas reserves.

### **Geographical information**

Keyera operates in two geographical areas, Canada and the U.S. Keyera's revenue from external customers and information about its non-current assets by geographical location are detailed below based on the country of origin.

Revenue from external customers located in		nths ended e 30,	Six months ended June 30,		
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Canada	834,843	432,372	1,665,949	1,318,227	
U.S.	198,330	97,549	385,207	271,993	
Total revenue	1.033.173	529.921	2.051.156	1.590.220	

Non-current assets <sup>1</sup> as at	June 30,	December 31,
(Thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020
Canada	6,307,098	6,307,491
U.S	483,052	485,053
Total non-current assets	6,790,150	6,792,544

Note:

### 16. OTHER

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, \$3,792 and \$8,781 (three and six months ended June 30, 2020 – \$nil) of income was recorded from the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy ("CEWS") program, which was passed by the Government of Canada in April 2020 as part of its COVID-19 Economic Response Plan. These amounts relate to the 2020 year.

### 17. COMMITMENTS

### **Purchase Obligations**

Keyera has assumed various contractual obligations in the normal course of its operations. Since December 31, 2020, Keyera has increased its total expected commitments to \$426,215 (December 31, 2020 – \$236,346). These additional purchase obligations are primarily related to the construction of the KAPS pipeline and the majority of the obligations are expected to be paid during the remainder of 2021 and 2022.

### 18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On June 10, 2021, Keyera declared a dividend of \$0.16 per share, payable on July 15, 2021 to shareholders of record as of June 22, 2021.

On July 12, 2021, Keyera declared a dividend of \$0.16 per share, payable on August 16, 2021 to shareholders of record as of July 22, 2021.

Non-current assets are comprised of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets, and goodwill.

# **Corporate Information**

### **Board of Directors**

Jim V. Bertram (1)

Corporate Director Calgary, Alberta

### Douglas Haughey (2)(4)

Corporate Director Calgary, Alberta

#### Michael Crothers (5)

Corporate Director Calgary, Alberta

#### Blair Goertzen (5)

Corporate Director Red Deer, Alberta

### Gianna Manes (4)(5)

Corporate Director Fort Mill, South Carolina

#### Michael Norris (3)

Corporate Director Toronto, Ontario

#### Thomas C. O'Connor (3)(5)

Corporate Director Denver, Colorado

#### Charlene Ripley (4)

**Executive Vice President** and General Counsel SNC-Lavalin Vancouver, British Columbia

**C. Dean Setoguchi**President and Chief Executive Officer Keyera Corp. Calgary, Alberta

#### Janet Woodruff (3)

Corporate Director West Vancouver, British Columbia

- (1) Chair of the Board
- (2) Independent Lead Director
- (3) Member of the Audit Committee
- (4) Member of the Compensation and Governance
- <sup>(5)</sup> Member of the Health, Safety and Environment Committee

#### **Head Office**

Kevera Corp. The Ampersand, West Tower 200 144 – 4<sup>th</sup> Avenue S.W. Calgary, Alberta T2P 3N4 Main phone: 403-205-8300 Website: www.keyera.com

### Officers

#### C. Dean Setoguchi

President and Chief Executive Officer

### Eileen Marikar

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

#### **Bradley W. Lock**

Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

#### **Jamie Urquhart**

Senior Vice President and Chief Commercial Officer

### Nancy L. Brennan

Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary

#### Dion O. Kostiuk

Senior Vice President, Human Resources and Corporate Services

### Stock Exchange Listing

The Toronto Stock Exchange Trading Symbol KEY

#### **Trading Summary for Q2 2021**

ISX:KEY - Can \$	
High	\$35.17
Low	\$25.58
Close June 30, 2021	\$33.31
Volume	99,494,385
Average Daily Volume	1,579,276

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte LLP Chartered Professional Accountants Calgary, Canada

#### **Investor Relations**

Contact: Dan Cuthbertson or Calvin Locke Toll Free: 1-888-699-4853 Direct: 403-205-7670

Email: ir@keyera.com